

The MARCH  
of the  
NATIONS

by RUFUS STEELE

Chain Store Secrets Come Out  
Premier Bennett Visits London  
Spain Finds Alfonso Guilty  
Cyprus Feels a Firm Hand  
Footballer Hoover Dines Team

Official information on the chain stores of the United States is given out at last. The figures of the census bureau will end a thousand old disputes—and start a thousand new ones. It is shown that 7046 organizations operate 159,826 chain stores. This is 10 per cent of all the stores in the country. And they do 21½ per cent of all the business. In the basis year of 1929 the stores did \$10,771,984,034 business out of a retail total of \$50,033,850,792. There are national, regional and local chains. The 321 national organizations sold \$4,804,754,988 worth of merchandise. The chains sell many lines, doing 28.5 per cent of the food selling, 30.8 per cent of the clothing, 27.7 per cent of the department store and variety lines, 27.7 per cent in the apparel field. The cry of "trusts" by the chain men. The report does not say what the chain store business may have to do with the newly noted careless gait of the average American. Is it this new kind of trading giving him a "cash and carry" slouch?

Canadian Prime Minister R. B. Bennett leaves Ottawa for New York, en route to London. Premier Bennett arranged, before leaving, for a new domestic loan of \$150,000,000 and for an inquiry, headed by Lord Ashfield, into the Dominion's railway problems. In London he will help with plans for the important Imperial Economic Conference at Ottawa. He failed in his efforts for such a conference a year ago, Britain not then being interested in his developed ideas on tariffs. Next summer's conference is a triumph for the alert Canadian statesman.

The Spanish Cortes approves, with applause, a life imprisonment decree for former King Alfonso. The sentence is commuted from the supreme penalty, which he is found to deserve for the reverse suffered by Spain when warring against Abdel-Krim, the Riff chieftain, in Morocco in 1921 and for the seven-year dictatorship of Primo de Rivera which began two years later. Alfonso and all his family are stripped of titles and dignities. His palaces and all property in Spain are confiscated and will be sold to alleviate distress caused "by his immoral administrative policy." The last of the Bourbons, in banishment at Fontainebleau, may never, however, hear prison doors close behind him. Heavy is the head that wears a crown—and heavier the head that has lost one.

The Springbok team from South Africa beats Oxford University team 24 to 3 at Rugby football. The American star Howie on the Oxford team is of little avail against the all-conquering South Africans, who have humbled nearly all the crack teams of England. The cabled account of the game says, "The Springboks knew it all and did it all." Then Oxford must be proud that it made 3 instead of 0.

The British Government acts sharply to stamp out the rebellion in Cyprus. The legislative council is abolished and the lawmaking power put into the hands of the Governor. The ringleaders of the revolt are arrested and 10 are deported. A new government house will be built at Nicosia and those who burned the old one will be asked to pay. England sends in more soldiers when more singing masters would probably get better results. About the only trouble with the Greek Cypriotes is that they have never learned to warble "Rule Britannia."

Greece and Bulgaria settle their financial dispute happily. Greece contended that it was relieved from compensating Bulgarians who gave up their property in Macedonia during the Hoover moratorium. Bulgaria contended that the debt was not intergovernmental but to the farmers and should be paid at once. In the end they found a settlement of this and other matters that is easy on the bank balance of both countries. During the moratorium they are not to pay anything to anybody.

The White House witnesses its first dinner football rally. President Hoover entertains 12 leaders in power production, oil, banking, manufacturing, ranching, surgery, law and literature. They hail from several states, but in 1894 they were all members of the famous winning football team of Stanford University. The President was business manager of the team, handling the funds which were meager in those days and possibly inventing for the benefit of the team's creditors what has since become famous as the Hoover moratorium. The dinner is a rousing affair, but before the diners sit they insist upon seeing Lou Henry, an "94-cord. She still roots for the team and its manager. She, too, graduated and left the old town. She is Mrs. Herbert Hoover.

## Under Northern Lights in Canadian Wilds Looms This New Port for Grain

Cortes to Vote  
Upon Alfonso's  
ImprisonmentGuilt Committee Urges  
Life Term With All  
Property Seized

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor  
MADRID, Nov. 13.—Life imprisonment has been decreed against Alfonso, last of the Bourbons, who was indicted for high treason by the "guilt committee" of the Cortes, which presented the report yesterday.

The supreme penalty, the report declares, should be demanded of a king who was responsible for disaster to the Spanish arms in Morocco in 1921 in the war against the Riff chieftain, Abdel Krim, and who bears the burden of guilt for destruction of constitutional government in the country when a military coup d'état placed Gen. Primo de Rivera in power two years later.

In response to requests, however, the committee recommends Alfonso's penalty be commuted to life imprisonment with confiscation of his palaces, industrial stocks and personal property of all kinds found on Spanish territory.

All of the ex-King's holdings, it is proposed, will be sold and the proceeds applied preferably to alleviating distress caused "by his immoral administrative policy." Not only Alfonso but his entire family are deprived of titles and dignities in the indictment which now has been voted on by the Cortes itself. Afterward the sentence must be approved by the Government.

Notification of the sentence is to be published throughout Spain and sent officially to all foreign nations. As it was not known that the document was to be communicated to the House, only 100 deputies were present when it was read out. When the reading terminated there was loud applause.

Meanwhile there have been a number of arrests, including Señor Jose Antonio de Rivera in connection with an alleged monarchist plot in the capital. It is officially admitted, however, that the charges are baseless and the son of the late dictator was liberated after a few hours' confinement.

PARIS, Nov. 13.—Signor Dino Grandi's visit with President Hoover is regarded as a corollary of the Laval-Hoover conversations and is appreciated in Europe in accordance with the varying views of Italy's financial and disarmament thesis. In France, which is engaged in a diplomatic struggle for maintenance of supremacy, with many advantages on France's side, there is a disposition to be critical of Italian ideas.

Signor Grandi, Italian Foreign Minister, himself is well qualified to undertake his present mission. He already has been to Washington as a member of the debt settlement delegation and has been prominent in European councils, notably the London naval conference. Mr. Henry L. Stimson, United States Secretary of State, it is known, renewed a happy friendship with him in Italy last summer. An unquestionable asset is Signor Grandi's mastery of the English language.

Between the United States and Italy are strong links. It is estimated that 10,000,000 persons of Italian origin live outside Italy and although emigration to the United States has been largely reduced, not only by quota regulations, but by the deliberate policy of Signor Benito Mussolini, Premier, to keep the Italian population on Italian soil, it is felt that there are special reasons for Italy-American friendship.

European comment does apply itself especially to financial problems in connection with Signor Grandi's visit, because it is understood that the French Premier, Mr. Pierre Laval, has shown what he can do, the American attitude will be somewhat reserved. The French believe that in effect the United States has left the initiative to France with the proviso that if France fails to bring about a desirable settlement at an early date, then France will stand aside. Moreover American approval of possible French action is considered by no means certain and even an implied promise to reduce allied debts to America in proportion to reduction of German pay-



NEW GATEWAY EASTWARD FROM THE WHEAT BELT  
View, Upper Left, Shows Practically All That Is to Be Seen of Churchill Today, With an Elevator Dimly Seen in the Background. Below Is a Typical View of the Muskeg Flats, With Men's Bunkhouses in the Foreground. Taken From the Top of the Elevator. The Map Shows How Churchill Is as Accessible to Saskatchewan as Fort William, Where Much of the Grain Is at Present Transhipped to the Lake Steamers, So That It Offers an Alternative Route for Western Wheat, With Only One Transshipment, to European Cities.

HUDSON BAY'S  
NEW PORT TO  
SHIP GRAINTown in Wild Muskeg  
Flats Unlocks New  
Grain Route

By LLOYD ROBERTS

Staff Writer of  
The Christian Science Monitor

Churchill? It is a name that has suddenly thrust itself upon the notice of the industrial and commercial life of Canada. From its remote station far up the west coast of Hudson Bay, it is threatening to divert the old trade currents from the west over the "claustric, and to throw open to the use of man the vast almost virgin hinterland north of 53°.

Because of its potentialities and because it has not yet been thrown open to the public it traveled nearly 1000 miles north from Winnipeg to see what I might see.

Within 24 hours I was at the Pas, the "Gateway of the North," and a day and a half later, by the famous "muskeg railway," and its weekly train, I reached the Bay. It was dark when I swung to the station.

(Continued on Page 5, Column 1)

With 10 Per Cent of All Stores,  
Chain Sales Are 21.5 Per CentBureau of Census Figures Show Retail Business of  
\$10,771,984,034 Done by Chains in 1929 Out of  
Total of \$50,033,850,792 in United States

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—While chain store organizations operate only about 10 per cent of all the retail stores in the country, they are doing 21½ per cent of the business, it was disclosed today by the bureau of the census.

This specific information on the foothold which this new form of merchandising has taken in the United States has been long awaited. While it has been known that the chain store has been doing an annually increasing portion of the country's retail business, the statistics made public today are the first definite answer to the question of the strength they have reached. They were gathered in the 1930 special census of distribution, authorized by Congress upon request of President Hoover when he was Secretary of Commerce.

It was not many years ago that the chain store was entirely unknown. Today's figures show that there are 7046 chain store organizations operating 159,826 stores or units, or about 10 per cent of all the stores in the country. Sales for these chains for 1929, which is the basis of the census compilation, aggregated \$10,771,984,034, compared with total sales in all retail stores in the United States of \$50,033,850,792.

National chains in 1929 numbered 321 and sold \$4,804,754,988 worth of merchandise, while 5589 local chains had total sales of \$3,547,338,285 and 1136 sectional chains had sales of \$2,419,890,761. Independents who operate two or three stores and those who have built up small local branch systems supplied from parent stores rather than from warehouses were not included in the census.

Only 61,346 of the 497,715 food stores in the country are chain stores yet they are doing 28.5 per cent of the food selling. Aggregate

sales of food stores, not including country general stores, were \$11,310,627,359 in 1929, while sales of chain stores alone amounted to \$3,508,923,216.

In the department store and variety field, chain stores are doing 30.8 per cent of the selling. In 1929, all but 1290 of the 41,158 retail motorcar dealers come within the classification of independents, but these 1290 dealers do an aggregate business of \$616,051,049, or 10 per cent of the total sales in this field.

In the furniture and household goods field, chain stores are doing 19.5 per cent of the business. There are 125 furniture chains, 29 home furnishings chains and 262 household appliance chains. A large proportion of the last named are operated by public utility companies.

Notable among the contributions made at the meeting today was submission of a document by the Aga Khan leader of the Moslems, in which it was revealed that the minority communities except the Sikhs have banded themselves together.

Although this arrangement brings out many difficulties affecting the Moslem and other communities, it leaves the main problem of Hindu-Moslem unity untouched.

Main Problem Unresolved  
This was recognized by delegates, including Mahatma Gandhi, who contended the scheme is not designed to achieve responsible government, but is a scheme designed to share power with the "bureaucracy already existing in India."

Other communal representatives urged the views of their respective communities on the Prime Minister, requesting that when he puts forward the communal case for the planary session he will also take cognizance of their opinions.

The Prime Minister contended that settlement of the communal issue was fundamental to any progress in the way of constitution building—a statement which Mr. Gandhi again contested. He held that constitution building was the necessary condition for the solution of India's problem and not the communal issue.

Sir Philip said the total number of casualties among civilians was 6 killed and 30 wounded, and that 39 police were injured. He stated there are now in the island two companies of troops added to the one company of the normal garrison. The naval parties which were landed during the disturbances have now withdrawn, he said. The ring leaders were arrested, he explained, 10 deported, and many other arrests were made.

At the close of the statement, Mr. James Maxton, Labor member, asked whether the authorities were not aware of the serious discontent in the island until the Governor's house was burned. Sir Philip replied: "It is abundantly clear that a great artificial agitation was fomented by certain persons in the island."

When the situation calms down the Government intends to review the whole constitutional question in Cyprus.

British Affirm  
Pledge to India  
At Round TableFailure to Find Accord on  
Communal Issue Not  
to Halt Program

By Radio from Monitor Bureau

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The British Government will not allow communal differences to stand in its way in carrying out its pledges to India, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, Prime Minister, declared today when announcing failure of the minorities committee to reach an agreement on this question.

The meeting revealed the intensities of the communal problem and a dramatic note was touched when Mr. MacDonald asked if the members of the committee individually would sign a request to him to settle the question and pledge themselves to accept his decision. Only Mr. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri, representing the Indian Liberals, expressed willingness to do this.

"But I don't want any section or any one man," said the Prime Minister. "Will the members of this committee sign a declaration asking me to give a decision, even a temporary one, on the community question and say that they will agree. I don't want it now," he continued. "I have asked several sections—at least individuals—from time to time for that and I have got it."

Responsibility of Indians  
The Prime Minister declared the communal differences in India ought to be overcome by the Indians at the conference, but he added that failure to reach agreement would not mean that the British Government would do nothing.

Mr. MacDonald indicated that when the planary session of the Round Table makes its report, the British Government will then indicate the view it takes of the entire Indian situation. This meeting of the planary session will be held next week, following the meeting of the federal structure committee.

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REJECTS HONJO ULTIMATUMWashington Takes Hopeful View of Situation and  
Declines League Policy of Setting Nov. 16 as  
Date for Japanese Withdrawal

Negotiations between Japan and the Heilungkiang leader have broken down. The Japanese ultimatum has expired. Fighting immediately broke out as the Japanese troops moved against Tsitsihar, Heilungkiang capital. China has sent an urgent appeal to the League to intervene as Japan's hold on Manchuria visibly increases.

The ultimatum to General Ma to evacuate Tsitsihar expired at midnight last night, General Ma, on the advice of Marshal Chang, Governor of Manchuria, having rejected the Japanese demands.

Tokyo reports that there are 4000 Japanese troops at the point and 24,000 Chinese in that area. Meanwhile Tokyo, which professes satisfaction at what it considers the hands-off policy of Washington, has invited all foreign attaches there to tour Manchuria.

In China, signs of stiffening resistance to the Japanese advance are not wanting. Reports indicate renewed attempts to end the differences with the Canton faction. Much importance is attached to the new finance commission set up in Nanking to reorganize the whole of the nation's finances.

In spite of the threatening situation in the Far East, however, Washington still maintains an attitude of hopefulness and diverges from the firm policy of the League in intimating that it considers the naming of Nov. 16 as the limit for Japanese withdrawal unwise.

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor  
GENEVA, Nov. 13.—News of recent fighting along the Noni River within the last few hours has somewhat tempered the League's enthusiasm for the apparently authentic report from Tokyo that Japan will now accept the plan for a League commission to investigate the military situation in Manchuria.

Although the air is filled with reports of an increasingly conciliatory diplomatic attitude on the part of Japan, stories of the advance of General Honjo's army upon Tsitsihar, capital of Heilungkiang Province, continue to aggravate the situation.

The Chinese today presented a note based upon last minute telegrams recounting a further advance of Japanese troops. Last night Dr. Alfred Sze, the Chinese delegate, addressed the League Council.

Aristide Briand, ex-President of the League, begged him to intervene with the Japanese Government to halt the advance of troops upon Tsitsihar, in accordance with General Honjo's ultimatum, which gave General Ma Chan-shun, the Heilungkiang general, until midnight last night to evacuate his own capital.

According to Geneva's understanding, serious fighting is now taking place near Tsitsihar and events have reached the gravest pitch so far. At this juncture, comes an appeal from Japan's willingness to concede from its diplomatic stand and accept an investigating commission, which it firmly rejected in September. In the opinion of many officials, however, the time has passed for mere investigation. For it is established that Japan has repeatedly violated its most solemn international obligations and continues to do so every day.

In response to M. Briand's peremptory telegram to Japan and China yesterday, Mr. Frank Lee, Acting Secretary-General, replied this morning promising strictly to refrain from all use of force, except when absolutely necessary for defense against deliberate attacks by the Japanese.

The Chinese Government also heavily welcomed M. Briand's suggestion of sending neutral observers to the outlying parts of Manchuria. The situation in Tientsin, according to Mr. Lee, causes increasing concern to foreigners, as well as to the Chinese, for the Japanese are using their own barracks concession as a base for military operations.

In the latest communications, China continues to secure support for its cause by its international correctness. But hints at an increasing tendency to be conciliatory on the part of Japan are extremely welcome here.

In this respect the dispatch of Mr. Tsumo Matsudaira, former Japanese Ambassador at London, and Mr. Shigeru Yoshida, Ambassador at Rome, to assist Mr. Kenkichi Yoshizawa, Japan's delegate to the League, in Paris, may be taken as a conciliatory note for both these envoys are regarded as more liberal and inclined to compromise than Mr. Yoshizawa. Indications from Washington that General Dawes will not take a seat at the Council sessions have caused great disappointment here. It is widely interpreted as retrogression from American co-operation in the October session. Nevertheless it is expected that events may soon force General Dawes to sit with the Council, particularly in the private meetings of the committees of twelve and of five.

Moreover, General Dawes' personal eminence almost compensates for the report that he will not actually take his seat.

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor  
SHANGHAI, Nov. 13.—Events in Manchuria are having the effect of stiffening China's resistance. The

PRESIDENT CUTS  
NAVY COSTS BUT  
KEEPS ALL MEN

\$59,000,000 Lopped Off

Without Change in

Personnel

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—President Hoover has cut \$59,000,000 from the \$401,000,000 originally asked for in the naval appropriation bill, and has achieved his economy without reducing personnel, or abandoning any of the big navy yards.

The navy budget for the next fiscal year will be \$343,000,000 if Congress carries out Mr. Hoover's recommendations. The present year's budget was \$360,000,000.

Mr. Hoover's announcement was made in a formal statement following conferences with Mr. Charles Francis Adams, Secretary of the Navy, Mr. J. Clawson Roop, Director of the Budget, and Rear Admiral William V. Pratt. No details of how the economies would be effected were given, but Mr. Hoover stated positively that:

1. The cut does not reduce the navy by a single man.  
2. It does not decommission any fighting ships.  
3. It does not drop any navy yard.  
4. It does not drop the frigate Constitution, or any navy bands.  
5. Money for combatant ships will actually be increased.  
6. Employment in navy yards will be increased.  
7. The United States now has nearly double the tonnage of combatant ships under construction as Great Britain.

Announcement that no navy yards will be abandoned brings comfort to many politicians here who have been preparing to make a last-ditch fight against a move that would incur constituencies. The navy yards which generally had been considered likely to be closed were those at Boston, Mass., and Charleston, S. C.

The President's program has no connection with the plan for changes in assignment of vessels announced by the Navy Department yesterday.

The President's statement, in part, follows:

The navy budget which will be presented to Congress for the fiscal year beginning the first of next July has been fixed at \$343,000,000. This is a decrease of about \$17,000,000 under the appropriations for the present fiscal year. It is a decrease of about \$59,000,000 from the \$401,000,000 originally proposed by the navy some months ago and prior to the development of the evidence of large deficiency in the national budget.

This budget for the next fiscal year does not decrease the personnel of the navy below its present status by a single man. It does not decommission any fighting ships, although the rotation plan will be continued. It does not propose to abandon any of the navy yards at the present time, although the navy officials are convinced that the products of some of these yards could be made more cheaply elsewhere.

It is interesting to note the expenditures since 1926.

| Year                         | Expenditures |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| 1926                         | \$25,249,796 |
| 1927                         | 27,430,130   |
| 1928                         | 28,324,985   |
| 1929                         | 48,758,729   |
| 1930                         | 49,872,209   |
| 1931                         | 27,944,048   |
| 1932 (estimated Nov. 1, '31) | 52,775,000   |
| 1933 (proposed)              | 57,000,000   |

Curley Lauds Decision  
Keeping Navy Yard Open

The Boston Navy Yard will not be closed, Mayor James M. Curley announced last night, following receipt of a telegram from the White House. In an official statement, the Mayor said: "It is most gratifying, since the closing of the yard would unquestionably have added to the already too heavy burden borne by the city in providing for the needy and unemployed."

The announcement by the President that no navy yards will be closed will be accepted as pleasing news by the navy yard employees, the Chamber of Commerce, the representatives in Congress from Massachusetts and by every citizen who participated in the movement to keep the Charlestown (Boston) Navy Yard open."



**STREET FLOOR**



## GARNER READY TO JOIN FORCES IN BIG ISSUES

Leader Says Democrats Will Not Pursue Obstructionist Tactics

**SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU**  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—In a frank statement today, Representative John N. Garner (D., Tex.) and probable Speaker of the next House, declared his party would not pursue obstructionist tactics in the next Congress to gain political advantage. On the contrary, he predicted they would "go along with the President, so far as the prosperity and good faith of the country warrants."

At the same time, Mr. Garner made it plain that the Democrats have no intention of agreeing to any political treaty with the Republican Administration. He indicated they would use their newly won majority in the House to pursue a definite program of their own.

The Democratic leader's statement followed a series of discussions, both with members of his own party and with Republican leaders, including Mr. Walter Newton, political secretary to President Hoover.

There was a distinct note of resentment in Mr. Garner's statement, over implications by Republicans that Democratic opposition would be for political ends. Mr. Garner asserted the Republican program would have as much selfish political intent, with a presidential campaign in view, as would any Democratic opposition.

Mr. Garner did not indicate what Administration measures he would support, nor did he outline the eagerly awaited Democratic program other than to say his party may have a program different from the President's on the subject of "encouragement of business."

This, it is pointed out, might include everything from public works and unemployment relief to the international debt moratorium. Mr. Garner has previously intimated his opposition to any extension of the moratorium beyond the one-year period and other Democrats have indicated they will seek drastic unemployment relief measures.

Mr. Garner declared that the narrow division between the two parties in Congress "calls for the best efforts of every man of either party."

Referring to the serious condition of the country and the necessity for constructive action, he declared that for his part, provided the Democrats organize the House, politics would be "a secondary consideration, and I think," he added, "every member of my party feels the same way."

## Nova Scotia Dries Ask for Prohibition

**SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR**  
TRURO, N. S., Nov. 13.—Requests for repeal of the liquor control act and substitution of a prohibitory law, that country districts be given right to conduct plebiscites to ascertain feeling toward liquor sale in the district, and that the Nova Scotia coat of arms be removed from liquor store windows, permits and liquor commission literature, were transmitted to the Provincial Government today by the Grand Division Sons of Temperance of Nova Scotia in eighty-fourth annual session in Halifax.

The requests were submitted by the legislative committee of the division, headed by the field secretary, the Rev. John W. Hughes and were received by Mr. John Doull, Attorney-General of the Province, who told the delegation that the Government would consider their submission.

## GREEN COCKADES FORBIDDEN IN SPAIN

**SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR**  
MADRID—A secret guard ready to spring to the defense of churches and convents has been formed in Spain. Its members are already counted by thousands in Madrid, where for a while they were known to one another by a green cockade. Señor Manuel Azaña, Premier, knew what was going on and included in the list of forbidden "acts

of aggression" the wearing of anti-republican insignia. For the innocent green of the cockade represents the initials VERDE (green), which stands for "Viva el rey de España" (Long live the King of Spain).

The green cockade has disappeared, but what it represents remains. Most of the would-be wearers are followers of the Spanish Pretender cause, now Archduke Alfonso Carlos de Bourbon and East Austria, successor to the late Don Jaime. Supporters of the "legitimist" claims to the Spanish throne are said to number 400,000.

Monarchists of all shades and ultra-Catholics are to be found among the youthful members of the secret bodyguard, which is ready to defend the religious establishments against such attacks as occurred soon after the Republic came. These buildings are now well guarded by the authorities. But it is stated that the owners of green cockades have large supplies of revolvers and rifles, ready to stand as defenders of the church.

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## End Proposed To 'Grab' Policy In Getting Oil

**SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU**  
CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—End of the historic policy of "grab" in getting oil out of the ground has been officially asked by the American Petroleum Institute. The organized oil men have gone on record for a sane system of teamwork designed to forestall excess production and to conserve the product.

Multiplying demand in the industry for a check against frenzied and wasteful overproduction was registered by the institute's board of directors yesterday. They adopted a resolution calling for the unified operation of oil fields.

"This means that in place of the 'piracy' of the past we shall seek to bring about cooperation in the development of oil fields," it was said among production leaders of the country.

"Hitherto each man has often gone ahead individually, regardless of what he wanted regardless. Now they will be asked to form a football team and play the game together. The institute's action is one of the greatest advances the industry has made in years."

Summoning of a world conference of oil producers was authorized by the institute's board. This policy came in response to a cable from Roumanian producers suggesting such a gathering. The American oil men replied that while they could not participate in an agreement to restrict production, they thought a common meeting might bring benefits.

They asked that the discussion be "limited to an exchange of views of the world-wide economic situation and of the supply-and-demand factors in order to give the producers of every country the opportunity, in conformity with their own laws, individually to regulate their operations in the most intelligent manner."

A cut in gasoline taxes was asked by the institute. Its board declared that there was a need for an immediate decrease in state taxes per gallon and also for the strict application of the gas tax to road purposes. It authorized the raising of a fund of \$100,000 to prevent further increases and obtain decrease in the tax.

Adoption of uniform gasoline tax laws throughout the states—uniform not as to price, but as to regulations, was also endorsed. One principal objective sought is improvement of the laws, in order to check gasoline tax "bootleggers," whose dodging of the tax is credited with cheating the states out of many millions of dollars a year.

## PAN AMERICAN AIR TRAVEL SETS RECORD

**SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU**  
NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Pan American Airways carried 31,302 passengers over its international routes during the first nine months of this year, setting a new record for passenger-carrying by a United States air mail line, according to a traffic report issued yesterday. The company's airplanes also set a new high mark for flying 9,300,728 passenger miles during the nine months, a gain of approximately 500,000 miles as compared with the same period last year.

Brown's plan as a major part in their relief program at Oberlin. Scranton and New Haven are planning to use the meals extensively, he said.

Dr. Brown urged the Farm Board to donate its surplus wheat to charity organizations, aided by railroads, who would ship it without charge. Municipalities and local committees should then supply milk and vegetables to give the "three-cent wheat meal" greater variety, he added.

First, Dr. Brown bought a bushel of wheat. He poured the wheat slowly into his wife's coffee grinder, gave the crank a twist. A brownish "flour" poured out.

This was made into a variety of dishes partaken of by 150 students and faculty members at 3 cents each. Each called for more until eight laboring cooks finally dished out the last grain of wheat.

Among the choice bits in the Oberlin professor's wheat meal was cereal soup, made by boiling and straining wheat, seasoned with salt and pepper. Then followed "meat wheat" loaf, composed of two-thirds wheat, a sprinkling of meat and tomato sauce; wheat "cutlet" with whole, whole-wheat muffins and whole-wheat bread. "Coffee" made of roasted wheat kernels, was served at the end of the meal, with a baked apple as desert. One hundred and fifty persons were well fed for \$4.50!

## TURKISH LEADER BOSTON'S GUEST AT LUNCHEON

Shukri Bey Confers With Representative Firms on Trade Relations

**SARADJOGLOU SHUKRI BEY**, member of the Grand National Assembly and former Minister of Finance of the Turkish Republic, is in Boston today on his first visit to the United States for a study of economic and financial conditions in this country. He is accompanied by Mr. Julian Gillespie, for the last 11 years head of the United States Commerce Department's office in Istanbul.

Shukri Bey is especially interested in studying the Federal Reserve Banking System and plans to meet with many leading American business men as possible. He arrived in Boston last evening and is staying at the Copley Plaza Hotel, making his business headquarters at the Boston office of the United States bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, Custom House.

He was received by Mayor James M. Curley today and was honored by the city of Boston at a luncheon at the Chamber of Commerce. He leaves Boston next Monday for Schenectady, Detroit, Chicago and San Francisco, returning via the southern states. He is to be in this country about two months during which time he is to confer with representative concerns interested in increasing direct trade relations between this country and Turkey.

This afternoon the visitors were taken on a tour of the North Shore, the particular objective being the Naumkeag Mills at Salem, where a careful inspection of textile operations was made.

Mr. Gillespie, who accompanies Shukri Bey, points out that while the Turkish Government has given special encouragement to development of domestic industry, the country remains primarily an agricultural one and will continue to import the bulk of its manufactured requirements for some time to come.

Despite the unsatisfactory position of agriculture, accentuated by world conditions, said Mr. Gillespie, "Turkey has made remarkable progress in the execution of its public works program, considering its limited funds. There has been a steady expansion of the railroad system and considerable building in the leading cities, particularly Istanbul and Ankara, the capital."

"A further achievement is the educational work which has its inception in the change from the Turkish to the Latin alphabet in November, 1928. Immediately after the adoption of the new alphabet, under leadership of the President of the Republic, sprang up all over the country, resulting in raising the percentage of literacy in Turkey. American equipment, including printing machinery and typewriters, played a leading rôle in the introduction of this far-reaching reform."

"In considering Turkey as a market it is important to remember that the products which are used here daily and even classed in some western European countries as necessities are so considered by only a very small proportion of the total population. Such products may find a sale only to the limited classes in the larger cities. Price is a dominating factor in Turkey. As a rule, low prices receive greater consideration than high quality. Other competitive factors besides price are quick delivery of merchandise and liberal payment terms."

**MAIL CLERKS RETAIN RIGHTS**  
SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Nov. 13 (AP)—The national convention of the Railway Mail Association yesterday voted that clerks thrown out of employment by discontinuance of their runs shall retain seniority rights from the time of their last voluntary transfer.

**ACADEMY OF ARTS ELECTS MEMBERS**  
NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (AP)—Mr. Ignace Jan Paderewski, Polish pianist, yesterday was elected a member of the American Academy of Arts and Letters. With him were chosen Mr. Gamaliel Bradford, biographer; Mr. Charles Martin Loeffler, composer; Dr. William Lyon Phelps, author and Yale University professor; and Mr. Adolph Weinman, sculptor.

Mr. John Holbrook, announcer of the National Broadcasting Company, was given a gold medal for good dictation on the radio. All officers were reelected.

## Promoting Better Trade Relations With Turkey

**A little message about a book about a bank brings it to you . . .**

HERE'S the little book the banker wrote and here's the big bank the banker wrote the little book about. And way down, deep, deep down at the bottom of this ad is the coupon that brings you the little book about the big bank that the banker wrote about. If you live outside of Albany, N. Y., that's the Capital City of New York State, you know you'll be very interested in reading this book. So you should make good use of the coupon. You can cut it out with a knife or pair of scissors, or tear it out. Fill it in, mail to us and the book will be sent you by return mail. It's free and there's absolutely no obligation attached. Of course, it's only fair to tell you what the book is all about. Well, to begin with, it's about money and interest on money and the difference between just interest and interest compounded quarterly. 4% compounded quarterly is quite a lot more than just 4% and it's more than 4% compounded semi-annually. This bank, a "Mutual" Savings Bank, pays the big generous rate of 4% compounded quarterly. And that's a lot of interest when you consider the safety and ready availability of your money. The booklet tells all about that and gives you definite figures and it tells why your money is so safe . . . safer than a safe . . . and so certain sure of generous interest return in a Mutual Savings Bank. It tells, too, how to bank by mail. Simplest thing imaginable. Simple as **ABC**. No red tape. Just a safe, easy way that enables you to take full advantage of this generous 4% interest return, this greater safety and all the facilities and conveniences of this 62 year old savings institution. Just the same as though you lived right here in Albany. Mail the coupon today for your copy of the little book about the big bank the banker wrote about. It's free, it's illustrated, it's interesting. Here's 'is . . . the coupon . . . fill it in and get it right in the mail box today . . . now, if you will. You'll be real glad you sent for it.

here 'is—the coupon—mail it today!

**HOME SAVINGS BANK**  
11 North Pearl St., Albany, N. Y.

Please send me without obligation the little book about the big bank the banker wrote about.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

## Editors Divided On Use of Color In Newspapers

Varied Hues Inevitable in Advertising Sections, Association Told

**LOS ANGELES, Nov. 13 (AP)**—There seems to be some uncertainty among America's newspaper publishers whether their dealers prefer their news tinted with the same hues as the household bathtub that makes the morning plunge a colorful splash.

Color printing has its advocates and opponents among members of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, in convention here, but so far the association itself has sat on the specterlike fence and wondered whether the familiar black-and-white account of world events isn't quite sufficient.

Color advertising in the newspapers must come, according to Mr. W. E. MacFarlane of the Chicago Tribune, as a means of competing with magazine and other advertising channels. Mr. Dean Palmer of the St. Joseph (Mo.) Gazette termed the development impracticable.

Mr. J. R. Knowland, publisher of the Oakland (Calif.) Tribune, precipitated the discussion. Without bias, Mr. Knowland presented a paper on color in newspapers, stating its future depended largely on improved mechanical phases.

He declined to say whether he thought color advertising was merely a fad, called that by some of the publishers, or a substantial move to meet competition.

In the event the color question per-

**PINCHOT ROUSES KEEN INTEREST BY WASHINGTON CALL**

**WASHINGTON, Nov. 13**—The political atmosphere here, extremely sensitive to any move smacking of progressive or third parties, was set afire yesterday by the visit of Gov. Gifford Pinchot of Pennsylvania.

Governor Pinchot came ostensibly to request a \$1,000,000 contribution from Mr. Andrew W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury, to the Pennsylvania state unemployment relief fund. But it was noted that he went straight from Mr. Mellon to the office of Senator George W. Norris (R.) of Nebraska, the veteran Progressive leader.

It was also mentioned with some anxiety that should Progressive members of the Republican Party seek to supplant Mr. Hoover as the party candidate in 1932 by one of more liberal opinions, they could probably not find a more popular liberal within the party ranks than the present Governor of the Keystone State.

Governor Pinchot did not get the \$1,000,000 he was seeking from Mr. Mellon, although the latter did promise to consider the matter and told him to return later and he would give a definite answer. The sum asked was to aid in the \$35,000,000 the Governor is seeking to obtain for the winter relief program. It would be a provisional gift, since if pending legislation is passed by the State Legislature, such gifts will be returned with 4 per cent interest.

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mits the allotted time to program speakers today, the publishers will hear Maj. A. F. Logan of the Seattle Times discuss how to solve difficulties with the photo engravers.

Mr. Harvey J. Kelley, chairman of a special standing committee of the association, will speak on labor matters to wind up the convention. The week end will be spent at Catalina Island, where Mr. William Wrigley will be host to the publishers and their wives.

## Use of Air Routes Urged to Develop Market in Tropics

**ATLANTA, Ga.**—A ready market for shipment of southern manufactured goods awaits the enterprise of southern business concerns in the tropics of Central and South America, according to Mr. H. C. Dobbs Jr., Caribbean division superintendent of Pan American Airways Inc.

Mr. Dobbs asserts that these opportunities have been largely overlooked by southern business men. If the air mail between Atlanta, Havana, San Juan, and other countries in the near tropics were used, a business could be developed, he says, which is now going elsewhere.

The Insular and South American countries are now buying through New York and European markets, according to Mr. Dobbs. "Particularly is this true in Porto Rico," he said. "There are 1,600,000 people in Porto Rico, and yet there is not a shoe factory on the entire island. All shoes are imported, as are fresh meats, which come directly from Chicago."

Atlanta, because of its location as an inland hub of an aeronautical network, is the logical air mail and passenger center in the United States, Mr. Dobbs pointed out.

**Ohio Educator Provides Means To Revive Ancient Handicrafts**

**AKRON, Ohio**—The old-fashioned craftsmen, not ordinary carpenters, but wood carvers, metal workers, and weavers, who have a pride in their handiwork, and do not grudge long hours spent over delicate and intricate pieces of work, are coming into their own in Akron.

Miss Elizabeth Mitchell, art director of the public schools, who spent much time in social contact in the East during the summer, and who realized the great need of employment for such men, is sponsor of a plan for reviving the handicrafts, and finding a market for them.

With the aid of the board of education of the city, a revolving fund has been formed, by which material is provided free of charge, and a place to work has been provided in a vacant room in one of the city's school buildings. Tools and tool benches have been lent by the manual training department of the schools, and permission to use the shops and machinery in the Howar Trade School for finishing any mechanical work necessary, has been granted. As the finished products are sold, some of the money will be turned back to the Board of Education to be used for further materials, thus carrying out the "revolving fund" idea.

At frequent intervals, Miss Mitchell will sell the finished products. Later on the Junior League of the

city will cooperate with her in securing a "little shop" outside of the schools where the products of the handworkers may be marketed.

Already a number of men and several women, otherwise unemployed, are spending their entire time at the school building, working on artistic little end tables, glove boxes, book ends, candlesticks, and other small but exquisitely wrought pieces.

"A man came in," said Miss Mitchell, "who had been out of work for a long time. He was carrying a ship model which he had made, and he was an architect by trade. It seems, but his hobby was making these ship models. With the aid of the shop, he can now turn his hobby into real money."

There is one Swiss wood carver in the group, and an Armenian metal worker, who is enabled to ply his trade again after long months of idleness. Hand weaving done by shut-ins at their homes is also to be sold in the handicraft shop, and classes of deaf children in the public schools are sending their handiwork to Miss Mitchell.

## AKRON FLIES 24 HOURS

**LAKEHURST, N. J., Nov. 12 (AP)**—The U. S. S. Akron, the navy's biggest air cruiser, landed at the Naval Air Station here today after a 24-hour flight, over Pennsylvania, Ohio and New York.

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AKRON School Board Establishes Revolving Fund, and Supplies Tools and Room for Workers in Wood, Metals and Wool on Paying Basis

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## MILNE IS FIRM IN HIS DECISION TO KEEP MUM

English Author to See  
U. S. He Says, Not to  
Be Seen or Heard

By JANET MABIE

The Christian Science Monitor

Mr. A. A. Milne did not come out to the United States with Mrs. Milne on what you might call a communications errand. He said before he left Coteheir Farm in Hartfield, Sussex, that he wouldn't lecture and he wouldn't be put on show at that quaint American device which is an author's tea. He said he was going just for fun, and to see some of the amazing things English people hear, every now and again, are to be seen on the western side of the Atlantic.

And he wasn't going to stay long anyhow, because on Dec. 15, at an English school, Christopher Robin Milne is going to sing in a school concert and his mother and father are obliged to be there.

Anyone who knows Mr. Milne very well would probably tell you that, coming up New York Harbor, he seemed to have shrunk a little into himself.

After all, there has been enough in the public prints on the other side of the Atlantic to prepare any distinguished visitor for the strange manifestations of ship news men at work. Obviously, he was no better than the rest and must be prepared to say something, and considering his reputation, the implication was that it had best be good, too.

**Drops Children's Books**  
He was quite nice about it. He spoke with enthusiasm of the chance to see certain examples of the changing architecture in New York. He spoke of his five books for children to which American readers have been most kind. He spoke of Christopher Robin, pointing out that, though it has been unanimously assumed the little boy in the books was Christopher Robin Milne, it was never intended so, and that really, as Christopher Robin Milne, he only appears in three of the verses.

He said, a little wistfully, that no one seemed to realize he had quite given up doing children's books anyhow, and that he had finished a new novel, and was also going to segregate a few days of his time in the States to speak with Mr. Charles Hopkins about his play which will be put on in New York before very long. And he wondered how it was that an author who gave actual evi-

dence of being able to put one type of writing quite aside in favor of another was still, for instance, with indignant persistence, considered really only to have transferred his "Christopher Robin manner" to a book with adult subject matter.

**A Cooling Influence**  
We met in Mr. John Macrae's office. Mr. Macrae, who is Mr. Milne's publisher, was looking positively ebullient that morning. A publisher can afford to look so over an author who does five books that sell millions of copies, and then suddenly shows a talent for doing a different type of book that gives every sign of selling in like fashion.

I cannot say that Mr. Milne looked ebullient. On the whole, he had got by without many scratches on the ship's news interview, even making a lot of friends among the reporters, not always an easy thing for a distinguished visitor to do. And he was being pretty equable about a probably quite annoying "just one more interview," which Mr. Macrae had assured him, he might expect to be the last.

**"Take Him," the Boss Said.**  
**His, the Young Man's**  
Mr. Macrae generously put weights on his half-read morning mail and prepared to read out, saying, soothingly, "Now you can have my office; stay as long as you like, and be comfortable."

Though Mr. Milne stoutly insisted he would never take to the lecture platform, and I see no signs of his relenting, he did think it would be a good thing for him to straighten out one matter. That matter, of the "whimsical" charge. Like the words of a barker in the circus, that word "whimsical" has gone before him everywhere. Why, it has got so that even Christopher Robin asks him in a light, mocking tone, how the whimsical author is this evening, the implication was that sort of thing.

When he set down the verses which make "When We Were Young" it seems that some critic was overcome with the idea that the flavor of the verse was "whimsical." Now Webster describes the quality of whimsicality as "quaint, capricious, fanciful, fantastic, actuated by a whim, in effect, a capricious notion." I think it is a misuse of any and all those words to apply them to Milne's children's verses.

**Verses Not Tossed Off**  
I call your attention, for instance, to the incomparable "Engineer" in "Now We Are Six" and ask you if, by the remotest stretch of the imagination, you could call that the result of a "capricious notion."

In any event, Mr. Milne resents being called a "whimsical writer." Perhaps not only because there are ideas in the verses too solid to be thought mere whims; and perhaps, too, because it took good hard work to do the verses, and so they could not at all be tossed off as capricious notions can be tossed off.

Anyhow, now the children's books are behind him. He wouldn't ever write another child's book, he said. And he added plaintively, "You know I have already written 1,500,000 words, and only 70,000 of them had to do with children. So I wonder why people won't stop thinking of me as a children's writer?"

Just before he got to the United States, his new novel came out. "Two People," it is called. You would suspect it of being autobiographical at least to the extent of the leading character in it, who is an author. About "Sylvia," I am not so sure. I saw Mrs. Milne and, quite apart from understanding from her that "Sylvia" makes me pretty tired; she is too perfect." I got the impression that

## Writer Dislikes Being Called 'Whim Author'



Wide World  
A. A. MILNE

she is far too forceful, and clear-colored an individuality ever to be subdued and shaped into the "Sylvia" mold even for fictional purposes.

There is one thing in the book that is quite true to fact, and that is the cats. There are, without manufacture, the Milne cats. There are Tatoo and Marmalade, and I am ashamed to say I forget the name of the other, and have not the book at hand. Marmalade is a grand cat and Tatoo has a matriarchal magnificence I have often seen in cats.

but have never seen so delicately put on paper.

Tatoo came to the Milnes as one of the inclusive items with a new gardener and somehow, though cats have come and gone with amazing and substantially numerical steadiness ever since, there has never been a cat like Tatoo, who is a most ungratifying black and orange color, but of a grandeur of character given few cats in this world.

Although we disposed, in an odor of mutual peace and pleasant accord, of most important topics of information, from Mr. Ramsay MacDonald to what to do with a little boy who has got the impression that all little boys are famous and, as such, are "special beings," I got the impression at the last that Mr. Milne was in the position of a little boy about to be let out of school, when it became clear that Mr. Macrae's office should now be restored to him that he might resume his morning's work. He did not exactly spring up out of his chair and seize my hand in joy at my going, but he did not think of any imperative last-minute things to say. After all, you cannot blame him. He and Mrs. Milne had come out to the States to see, not to be seen.

## More Research Work Advocated

Industrial advance is becoming more and more the result of research methods applied to manufacturing problems, Mr. James W. Hook, chairman of the industrial committee of the New England Council, said today.

New England manufacturers, he said, should give more attention than ever to research work for the development of new products, new uses for old products and cheaper manufacturing methods.

Among New England's 18,000 manufacturers, Mr. Hook pointed out, there are many who can give employment to men who are technically trained for this work. Such men will pay dividends on their salaries, Mr. Hook declared, "is virtually guaranteed by the results appearing almost daily in practically all lines of industry."

## What Will Grandi Accomplish?

Results of Italian Minister's Visit to U. S.  
Looked For in Future World Developments

(Continued from Page 1)

political debts before private credits in Germany, it is likely Italy is ready to favor what is described as the American view, that private credits should enjoy priority over political debts. Italy seeks for its own diplomatic purposes to espouse the German cause, not only in regard to reparations but also revision of treaties and disarmament. At the same time Italy hopes to gain the favor of the United States.

But most stress is laid on the constitution of a common front in view of the approaching disarmament conference. Italy says it will reduce its forces to the lowest possible levels, provided they are not surpassed by other continental powers. It has proclaimed its willingness to descend to any point to which France, for example, would descend. Naturally this declaration is held to be a political subterfuge. So-called parity, whether military or naval, is unacceptable to France

because it would really result in French inferiority, since France has greater and more widely scattered interests to defend.

This controversy is an old one, and its elements are not so simple as they appear to be at first. German arguments are much the same as Italian—that if its neighbors do not reduce, it must be given equal facilities for self-defense. Behind these arguments are doubtless motives of national policy.

Yet Italy has increased its prestige in Europe and probably in the United States by taking a leading part in the general demand for genuine armaments reduction. It is a many-sided problem. Besides being technical and diplomatic it is above all moral and human, and can best be solved by good will, sincerity of purpose and friendship. Italy recognizes that the practical way to economic safety and political security is to curb expenditure on arms, and halt competition in piling up instruments whose accumulation encourages an inveterate war. It is anticipated that the announcement of the results of this visit will be discreet and that only after the present negotiations between France and Germany, and at the disarmament conference itself, will the consequences of these conversations be rightly evaluated.

**POST OFFICES TO SELL BOOKS**  
Special to The Christian Science Monitor  
MADRID—Books are to be placed on sale in the post offices of all small towns and villages in order to encourage reading in Spain.

**100  
White Room Hats  
\$5.00**  
Formerly \$10.98—\$12.98  
MILLINERY DEPT.  
4TH FLOOR

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Sale  
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## Monitor News on Air Daily From WHDH

**AROUND** the world of news in 15 minutes is featured by The Christian Science Monitor in its daily broadcast from Station WHDH (361 meters-830 kilocycles). This program, entitled "The Monitor Views the News," is given each week day at 6:28 p. m. (eastern standard time).

## Radio Tonight

**EASTERN STANDARD TIME**  
**WEEI, Boston (300kc-560m)**  
5:00 p. m.—WEEI Organist, Del Castillo.  
5:30 Talk, Miss Mary Davis.  
5:30 Organist, Del Castillo.  
5:30 "Capitally's" Crew.  
6:30 Daily Dot Dandies: Chester Gaylord and Sid Reinherz.  
7:15 The Quakers.  
7:30 Whittling "Buddy and Blake."  
8:00 NBC, Cities Service Concert Orchestra: Jessica Dragonette, soprano; Cavaliers Quartet; piano duo.  
9:00 NBC, Cleopatra Club Eskimos: Raymond Knight, master of ceremonies; Helen Carlin; Tom Stacks.  
9:30 NBC, The Shindies Boys.  
10:00 NBC, "The Silver Platter," sketch.  
10:30 NBC, PKO Theater, "Of the Air": Irene Rich; Yvette Ruggie; Les Morse.  
11:00 Forecasts, E. B. Riddout; news.  
11:15 NBC, "The Great American Songbook."  
**WBZ and WBZA, Boston and Springfield (990kc-360m)**  
5:00 p. m.—Art Reardon's Aristocrats.  
5:30 Organist, Del Castillo.  
5:45 WBZ Rocket Club.  
5:55 Success Interview.  
6:00 Time, weather, road reports; Sport Review; temperature.  
6:15 NBC, "The Shindies Boys."  
6:30 Commemorative program to Supreme Court Justice Louis D. Brandeis.  
6:45 NBC, "The Shindies Boys."  
7:00 Time, NBC, "Amos 'n' Andy."  
7:15 NBC, "The Shindies Boys."  
7:30 NBC, "Believe It or Not"; Robert L. Ripley.  
8:00 NBC, West Coast Orchestra; Oscar Shaw, guest soloist.  
8:30 NBC, "The Shindies Boys."  
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11:30 NBC, "The Shindies Boys."

10:30 CBS, Talk by Fielding H. (Hurry Up) Yost, coach of Michigan.  
10:45 CBS, Tito Guitierrez, Spanish tenor; orchestra.  
11:00 Time; news; weather.  
11:15 CBS, "The Street Singer."  
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## Hudson Bay Gets New Port

Churchill Arises in Wild Muskeg Flats;  
Unlocks New Route for Western Grain

(Continued from Page 1)

tion platform among a crowd of men and inquired the way to Mr. George Kidd, government engineer in charge. The staff quarters were two miles off and the only "taxi" was a caterpillar tractor which, judging by the noise, was already under way.

I sprinted down the platform, walled through sand and flung myself on board among the boots of the standing passengers. Arising unsteadily to my feet I became aware of a cold salty wind, of a glorious display of northern lights in the southern sky, strange to say, and of a few scattered lights in the distance—Churchill!

One had to have a government permit to enter Churchill and there was no provision for visitors. However I found an assistant engineer awake in one of the cabins and was provided with a cot. It happened to be the same house in which the Lindberghs were sheltered a few weeks before while en route for Japan. Rising at dawn I stepped out on the board walk and got my first impressions of the port.

### A Town in Embryo

Before me lay the Churchill River, nearly two miles across to its low far shore, and empty except for three big dredging machines. A mile to my left towered a huge white elevator, impressively conspicuous on that flat expanse, and connecting with a great wharf by a long spindly grain gallery. A couple of tall stacks on roundhouse and repair shops, a group of mission buildings and a scattering of sheds and neat clapboard houses such as I was occupying completed the "town" and federal district of Churchill.

Although it was the same latitude as Ungava Bay in northern Labrador the temperature was well above freezing and there was no sign of ice in the river. And this was Oct. 5.

After breakfasting in the "cook-house" along with half a hundred government engineers and clerks, I set out to explore the peninsula from the ruined fort at its tip. The railway yards at its base. My reciting of reports, official and otherwise, had failed to convey the true immensity and significance of the undertaking. If money had been spent "like water" on the railway and terminal facilities, there were certainly results to show for it.

The scene reminded me of a stage equipped with every modern property and awaiting the entrance of the actors. The elevator, built at a cost of \$4,000,000 with a capacity of 2,500,000 bushels and with machinery capable of unloading 100,000 bushels in eight minutes, has been tested and not found wanting in the smallest detail. The grain gallery and chutes stand ready to pour 80,000 bushels an hour into empty holds moored along the 1854-foot wharf. The channel of the river has been dredged to permit the largest ocean tramps to berth and depart, and the harbor itself, deep and land-locked, might give shelter to the whole British navy.

### Waiting for Settlers

While the water front and the rocky point dividing the river from the bay will remain federal property, the town site of Churchill has been handed over to the Manitoba government for development. At present it lies flat and bare awaiting the time, probably next summer, when it will be thrown open to the influx of enterprising settlers. And by the way, there will be no land boom and fortunes made overnight. Building sites will be leased, not sold, and profits from unearned increment will be revoked to the province. This will be something unique in public ownership so far as Canada is concerned.

This word unique might be used many times in connection with Churchill. First there was the building of a roadbed for several hundred miles from The Pas to the river where there was literally no bed. In summer the muskegs—clumps of grass and Indian willow—are afloat above a few inches of perpetual frost. The ballast was laid upon this ice and unless the mean temperature of the north rises considerably it will remain a permanent job.

Then there was the problem of

providing fresh water. Water mains, either above or below ground, would be vulnerable to frost. A reservoir was dug and blasted four miles from the docks and the iron pipes are being insulated, laid atop the ground and buried beneath a running dike of muskeg. And beyond the harbor lay 600 miles of bay and 500 miles of strait liable to dense fogs and sudden onsets of ice-floes drifting down from Fox Channel and the coasts of Baffin Island. At great effort and expense these perils to navigation are being met with beacons on Cape Churchill, on Esquimaux Island at the mouth of the harbor and other strategic points; with direction-finding stations at Resolution, Hopes Advance and Nottingham along the straits and by a powerful ice-breaker.

**Unique Engineering Task**  
But perhaps most impressive of all was the unique experience of constructing a modern port from the rocks up in subarctic regions 500 miles from the nearest town. Mr. George Kidd, put in charge of the job in 1927, is a practical "out-door" engineer. And he certainly handled it in a practical manner. No one could enter the port without a government permit, and there was to be no "floating" population. "No admittance except on business" might well have been placarded on the muskegs at the city limits. Liquor was completely banned. His workmen were handicapped. Every precaution was taken to prevent contamination from "reds" and those with a chronic grouse against society.

He even went so far as to refuse men emanating from Winnipeg, because that city has experienced so much trouble from its foreign population. However, he allowed the presence of a couple of wooden churches and their ministers, and three bank shacks opened by the three largest Canadian banks.

He welcomed a movie picture barn with a capacity of 300, as providing wholesome recreation—under government auspices. Recreation was not so important with the mill running full time and all the time at standard wages. And the results? Throughout the five years, with the population running as high as 2500 men when Carter Hall's Aldinger Company was erecting the elevator and Maj. J. G. MacLachlan, district engineer for the Hudson Bay Railway, was running out the port section to meet the incoming rails, there was never a strike nor suspension of work, never even an unpleasantness serious enough to demand the official notice of the "boss." The fact that there were no police, federal or provincial, in the district showed that no trouble was expected.

### New Route to Europe

By late summer of 1931 the major portion of the harbor and dock works were completed—although there is still much to do in the way of rock filling, storage sheds, coal bridges and the like—and on Sept. 18 the Parnworth, loaded with 277,000 bushels of prairie wheat, made history by being the first ship to clear from the new port. A sister ship, the Warkworth, followed a few days later. This test shipment proved successful in every way. The former boat reached London on Oct. 4 and was received with enthusiasm, inaugurating a new and shorter trade route between Europe and central Canada.

The significance of this route can be gained by considering a few facts and many possibilities. Water transportation is much cheaper than land transportation. There is not much difference as to mileage between Montreal and Liverpool and Churchill and Liverpool. At present a large proportion of the export wheat reaches Montreal via Fort William and the Great Lakes and incurs several transshipments before it finally finds ocean bottoms.

Taking Saskatoon in Saskatchewan as a fairly central point in the grain belt, it is found that the distance from there to Churchill, 834 miles, is slightly shorter than from there to Fort William, and once the freight reaches the bay it is "plain sailing" and 100 miles less of it than if it had gone down the lakes. Even more disparity is shown of course between the bay route and



LELAND STANFORD FOOTBALL TEAM OF 1894, WITH PRESIDENT HOOVER, ITS FINANCIAL MANAGER  
Front Row, Left to Right—Will H. Irwin, William H. Harrison, Martin H. Kennedy, and William W. Orcutt. Back Row, Left to Right—Joel Y. Field, William C. Hazzard, President Hoover, Paul M. Downing, Dr. Jewell B. Frankenhimer, and Herbert Hicks.

## Stanford Eleven of Hoover's Period Lines Up in Reunion at White House

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (AP)—A famous football team of the '90s lined up again last night with President Hoover as its center of attraction and the White House dining table as the gridiron for its story-swapping play.

The team was the 1894 varsity of Leland Stanford University. The man now Chief Executive of the nation, but to them "Bert" Hoover, was its financial manager. And the invitation for a reunion was his.

There were multifold tales to be retold as the team, many now white haired, gathered about a White House dinner table decorated with red and white chrysanthemums, the Stanford colors, with a band to play the Stanford football airs of 37 years ago.

Mr. Will Irwin, New York author, who was cheer leader in the class of 1898, said he would not be averse to leading an old time college yell.

"I haven't been asked but if I am I will," Mr. Irwin said.

He had led one earlier, as several of the team members gathered on the back lawn of the White House for a picture with the President. He held a football marked "Stanford '94."

Here is the lineup of those present:

### 50 BOYS Invited Abroad as Guests for Christmas Vacation.

FIFTY REPRESENTATIVE AMERICAN boys of high school age are being invited by English-speaking city families abroad to be honorary Christmas vacation guests in their private homes. Ten days in Paris, Holland, London, Oxford, and other European cities, two times five days on SS BREMEN, leaving N. Y. Dec. 4. Return Jan. 4. Total expense, \$180. Only applications with school principals' recommendations will be considered. Dr. Sven Knudsen, 248 Marlborough St., Boston, Mass. (See Who's Who in America.)

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**FAIRMONT'S  
FROZEN FRESH  
FRUITS**  
OMAHA

## London Professional Women Convert Houses Into 'Their Own' Apartments

**LONDON**—"A place of your own. One room in which to say your own say in the way of furnishing, and color and general arrangement!" The speaker was a participant in the latest venture of the Women's Pioneer Housing, Ltd.—the opening recently of two "converted" houses in Fulham, London. She stood, her back to a crackling log fire, her eyes wandering affectionately over her little room, with its cream walls and wide window, its deep comfortable chairs, and the shaded lamp in the corner.

She crossed the room, and, turning the handle of a cupboard in the wall, threw open a miniature kitchen—cooking stove, sink, plate rack, all complete, and, on the back of the door itself a hanging china cupboard and a folding table.

"And constant hot water all day and at night," she added with a triumphant little laugh. The Women's Pioneer Housing, Ltd., came into being 10 years ago. In those days its capital amounted to £2, subscribed by two women, Miss Ethel A. Browning and Miss Lily Carre, for the purpose of propagating a scheme which had presented itself to Miss Browning as urgently necessary in order to meet the needs of a certain class of persons for whom no sort of provision had ever been contemplated.

Housing authorities were busy in meeting the demands of the working-class family; private enterprise had turned its attention to the provision of "high-class" flats at high-class rents.

Miss Browning, therefore, determined to launch a public utility society for the acquisition of large houses which could be converted into one, two or three-roomed flats, for the use of women only, and could be rented at £30 to £150 a year.

Little by little women became interested—convinced that, given a chance, the thing could be run on a successful business basis. In ones and twos they began to buy up shares. A house was bought; then

another. A woman architect was engaged. A firm of women auditors was appointed.

Today, 45 houses have been converted and, in almost every instance, let off before completion. The assets of the society stand at over £100,000.

To secure one of the Pioneer flats, each woman must invest in the society a sum varying from £50 to £200. This sum does not, however, represent more than one-quarter of the actual cost of purchase and conversion, and the scheme relies largely upon outside investments for its development.

## Philadelphia Pussies To Have Own Mansion

**PHILADELPHIA**, Nov. 13 (AP)—More than a dozen cats, many of them former strays rescued from the alleys, will have a brownstone house in North Philadelphia as their exclusive and permanent home. Miss Emma D. Miller, of New York, only surviving relative of Mrs. Annie Miller, wealthy recluse who lived for years alone with the cats, made known plans yesterday to the sole purpose of making the feline comfortable. The mansion contains many priceless heirlooms and rare fixtures.

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Cereal and raspberries—that's a delightful way to start the day.

Raspberries and cream for dessert—what could be more satisfying—more easily prepared?

Raspberries on ice cream—a dish that appeals to young and old.

The thousands of New Englanders who have eaten Birdseye Frosted Raspberries these last few weeks have discovered a new sensation. Raspberries at this time of year are something to boast about—especially these delicious sun-ripened raspberries. Sounds like a miracle—and indeed it is! For a wonderful new freezing method has now been found which seals in the flavors of fresh foods. This new Birdseye Quick-Freeze method has banished seasons—You can buy these red, ripe raspberries at our store today—or any day in the year!

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**ART METAL REPORTS LOSS**  
Art Metal Construction Company and its subsidiary, Postcard Company, for the September quarter had net loss of \$120,374, contrasted with a net profit of \$45,724 in the September quarter of 1930.

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## HOUSEHOLD ARTS AND CRAFTS

## Thanksgiving Dinner

The following recipes are part of the Thanksgiving menu published on this page last Friday.

## Harvard Beets

Wash 18 small beets and cook until tender in boiling, slightly salted water. Run in cold water, peel and dice. Melt 3 tablespoons of butter and add 3 tablespoons of flour and, when bubbly,  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a cup of water from the beets. When thick, stir in 1-3 of a cup of each of vinegar and cream or evaporated milk; 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  teaspoons of sugar; salt and pepper to taste, then the beets. Reheat and serve hot.

## Roman Punch

In 2 cups of boiling water dissolve 1 cup of sugar, then boil for 5 minutes. Add 1 teaspoonful of gelatin that has soaked in 1 tablespoonful of cold water, 2 cups of orange juice and 4 tablespoons of lemon juice. Turn into the tray of the automatic refrigerator and freeze, stirring frequently during the process. When almost frozen, turn out into a chilled bowl and beat with a cold egg beater. Return to the freezing unit to finish freezing. Without automatic refrigeration, freeze the ice in 3 parts of ice to 1 of salt.

## Cranberry Mold

Grate the rind and squeeze the juice from an orange; add enough water to make 1 pint. Add  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a teaspoonful of salt, bring to a boil and add 1 quart of cranberries. Cook rapidly for 5 minutes, then cool and strain, pressing as much of the cranberry pulp as possible through the sieve or fruit press. Add  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a cup of sugar, bring to a boil and simmer slowly for 5 minutes longer. Set orange half-shells on a gem pan, put 2 teaspoonfuls of broken nutmeats into each and fill molds half full with the jelly; when this is firm, finish filling the molds. Serve when the jelly is set and cold, cutting it with a sharp, wet knife into 4 sections so the dish looks like a strange, delicious fruit. To make the molds set straight, it may be necessary to cut a little from the bottom of each shell.

## Red Devil's Food Cake

Cream  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a cup of shortening and add gradually 2 cups of sugar; cream again. Add 4 beaten eggs and beat hard. Sift together three times: 3 cups of prepared cake flour, 1 teaspoonful of salt and  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a teaspoonful of cinnamon. Add this to the butter mixture, alternating with 1 cup of sour milk, then add 2 teaspoonfuls of vanilla. Mix. Add 1 cup of chocolate, pour over it 1 cup of boiling water; stir quickly and add, when it is boiling-hot, 2 teaspoonfuls of soda. (This amount of soda is correct and, added to boiling water, gives the cake a color, but no taste of the soda, on account of the cinnamon and chocolate.) Stir until thickened, then add to the batter and beat hard. Turn into 3 layer-cake tins and bake 40 minutes in a moderate oven, 325 to 350 degrees Fahrenheit.

## White Mountain Cream Icing

Bring to a boil 2 cups of sugar,  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a teaspoonful of cream of tartar, and 1 cup of water. When a definite thread is left behind by a drop of the sirup's falling from the spoon, pour the hot sirup slowly over the stiffly-beaten whites of 4 eggs, stirring constantly the while.

## Home Making

By MRS. HARRY A. BURNHAM  
Written for The Christian Science Monitor

"LET'S play a guessing game," the children often say, and then I must guess what they are thinking of. It is always that object within their vision, and since they are usually gazing directly at it, my task is not to guess too quickly what it may be.

Let's play a guessing game about Thanksgiving. You guess what I am thankful for and I will guess what you are thankful for. It is probable that our reasons for being grateful are so obvious that it will not be a difficult task for either party. Do you parallel mine at any spot?

I am thankful for work; that I must wash dishes, make beds, and sew, because some of my best thoughts come to me when I am engaged in these tasks, and, anyway, I enjoy doing them.

After I have been away from home for a few weeks my keenest desire upon returning is to become again what is called "domestic," to get on my knees in front of the perennial border in the back yard where "perennial weeds" grow so thickly. To wash the pantry shelves and take account of my stock of spices and "regular supplies," and to get again into the routine of sweet, happy working hours.

I am thankful for a "job," yes, two jobs, writing and housekeeping. From my earliest recollection I have been doing both. The letters I wrote as a country cousin to my city relatives remain as samples of horrible verbosity, but to me they were remarkable specimens of the writing art. My first doll, a black rag one named Dinah, still smiles a crooked smile at me from a corner of my study. She's a bit dilapidated but she gave me many hours of maternal solace years ago, and she started me on the road of love and care for others which have given me the richest experiences of a full life. You are thinking of some rag doll, I am sure.

I am thankful that I have many friends who are glad to

Share with me such as I've got. The leaks in the roof and the soup in the pot.

## America's Most Popular Sheet—AND WHY!

"PEQUOT wears so well!" say thousands of housewives, explaining why they prefer Pequot sheets. Other reasons why: snowy whiteness—easy laundering—smooth, soft, inviting "feel." Pequot is the most popular brand of sheets and pillow cases in America: Pequot Mills, Salem, Mass.

Beat until the icing will hold its shape, add  $\frac{1}{4}$  of a teaspoonful of salt, and spread quickly on the cake. Have ready melted 3 squares of bitter chocolate. From the tip of a spoon drip chocolate across the cake and down its sides in lines about 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  inches apart. Turn the cake and draw the sharp edge of a knife through the icing at right angles to the lines. With the icing soft, this brings the chocolate along with the blade and gives to the cake quite an elaborate effect.

## Stuffed Dates

Wash a package of dates and drain well, then pit them. Fill the cavities with nut-meats and long quarters of marshmallows cut with the scissors. Roll in sugar.

## Grape Juice Medley

Boil for 5 minutes 1 cup of sugar and  $\frac{1}{2}$  cup of water. Cool, then add  $\frac{1}{4}$  of a cup of lemon juice, 1 cup of orange juice, and 2 cups of grape juice. Dilute with ice water to taste and serve with ice cubes or chopped ice.

To Get Ready Early and Easily On Tuesday the turkey can be dressed and the stuffing made. Make the cake, the filling for the carrots and the carrot cups. Prepare the Roman punch for freezing, and the

## Gathering Golden Moments to Do the Sewing

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

A BUSY home maker with children about her seldom finds time to sew without deliberately planning it. One way to get a good start is to devote an evening to putting the machine in order and getting together sewing materials and necessities; and another evening to cutting out garments. With the children in bed and no interruption from friends, agents or the telephone, it is surprising how much may be accomplished in only an hour or two.

Keep the pattern being used in one chair and as each piece is used lay it with the others on another chair to avoid cutting the same part of the pattern twice. In stitching succeeding garments from the same pattern, it may be easier to use the cloth pieces as a guide instead of the paper. Fold all pieces of a garment together when the cutting of each is done, and lay the packages in a basket or other receptacle that may be put up or out of the way until time can be made for the sewing.

## Time Savers

Often garments of a kind can best be sewed on the machine by twos; the shortcuts learned on one can be used on the other before they are forgotten. This also makes possible the sewing by machine of one seam after another without breaking the thread and consequent loss of time for trimming. With but little practice, one can sew sections of a garment together in this way without any basting. But until one arrives at this point, it may be well to pin pieces in place so one will not full up on the other, or use wire clips for the same purpose.

When basting must be done, it saves time to use sewing thread in-

grape juice medley, keeping both cold and in covered containers until they are needed. Cook the beets and make the sauce, but do not put them together. Prepare the celery hearts, wrap them in a damp cloth, then in wax paper, and leave them in the refrigerator until needed. Stuff the dates.

On Wednesday order the Parker House rolls and the ice cream. Stuff the turkey and, if it is large, cook it covered until it is done but not browned; leave it covered in the roaster after making the giblet sauce. Make the potato cones and place them on a heat-proof baking dish, ready for the oven when needed. Make the cranberry mold and butter balls.

Thursday morning set the table and put olives, celery, bonbons, peaches, nuts and dates into dishes. Finish the Roman punch. An hour and a half before serving time start reheating and browning the turkey. Reheat the gravy and the beets in their sauce; keep them hot until needed. Half an hour before serving time place the carrot cups and potato cones in the oven to reheat and brown delicately, being careful to allow the baking dish, if it is of glass, to come to room temperature before putting it into the oven. Put the cocktail, butter, grape juice medley and relishes on the table. Dish the food, leaving it where it will stay hot. Dinner is ready.



This is Known as an Album Quilt Because the Various Squares Were Made-by as Many Friends and Relatives of Its First Owner, Grandmother of the Present Possessor.

## Autographed With Motifs

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

Washington—An "album quilt" has been offered to Henry Ford for his collection of rare early Americana by its owner, Mrs. Gertrude S. Whittlesey of Washington.

The quilt is called an "album quilt" because the squares were made by various friends and relatives of its first owner, Mrs. Benjamin Bradford Norris of Baltimore, who was Mrs. Whittlesey's grandmother. There are 36 blocks and no two are alike. The first was begun in 1828. Some of the donors wrote or embroidered their signatures in the center of the squares they made.

The quilt gives evidence of the characters of those who made it. Each did what she could do best or what her tastes dictated. Some of the patterns are extremely intricate, others simple. Materials used range from calico to the finest plush and velvets. The background is unbleached muslin.

A fruit square shows cantaloupes, grapes, plums and a watermelon, all fashioned from calico. The flower square, evidently the work of the most expert needlewoman of the sewing circle, has tiny old-fashioned moss rosebuds, dainty bleeding-hearts and velvet pansies in its bouquet. Another square which attracts much attention is one of tufted chrysanthemums. Tiny stitches, almost microscopic, are visible on the wrong side of the quilt.

"The women who made this quilt

were artists without being aware of it," says Mrs. Whittlesey, who for 20 years as a New York artist designed robes and hangings. Today she still has the artist's eye for color, doing art dyeing on velvets and combining them to form tapestries at her home here.

Mrs. Whittlesey's acquaintance with the old quilt dates back to the time when it rested on a bed in Baltimore that one had to ascend by way of five steps. As a child, she sat by the hour studying the quilt's various adornments, yet when visitors come in from all over the city today to see it, she still discovers "little details that she had never noticed before."

## Pumpkin Needn't Be Pie!

Often, of course, pumpkin should be pie, but it needn't always be. As the victim of a pastry tradition, pumpkin has been pretty much neglected in the realm of vegetable cookery, but it may be substituted in many recipes calling for squash. The rules for its preliminary preparation, too, are about the same as for squash, although a greater length of time must be allowed for cooking pumpkin.

## Pumpkin au Gratin

One of the most satisfactory ways to prepare it is a hearty vegetable dish to be put in a baking dish, steaming it until tender. The vegetable is then put in a baking dish with half its amount, or less, of medium-thick, well-seasoned white sauce and grated cheese. The amount of the cheese may vary, but an amount equal to that of the

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5 pounds large pecan halves, \$4.50  
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## "WHIG" Pattern

With infinite care, the native Vermont weavers have reproduced this authentic "Whig" pattern in purest natural wool on firm non-shrinking warp. Design and texture combine to flood the room with light and cheerful color. Made in Indigo Blue, White, Rose Green, Old Blue, Lavender or Gold. 68"x96" (single bed), \$10.25; 80"x108" \$11.50; 85"x108" \$10.75; 80"x108" \$12.25. Postpaid to Mrs. Springer, beyond add 25c. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Send for catalog of Blankets, Slumber Throws and other Heirloom Weavings made by the woodcrafters chosen to supply blankets for the new deluxe Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

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VERMONT NATIVES INDUSTRIES SHOP 8 BRIDGEWATER, VT.

white sauce will not be too much. The pumpkin-and-sauce mixture is covered with fine bread crumbs which are dotted liberally with butter, after which it should be baked in a moderate oven until the crumbs are nicely browned.

## Pumpkin Puff

If the reader grows parsley in her kitchen for winter use she may be interested in combining it in a seasoning combination for a pure which is composed of mashed pumpkin (previously steamed or boiled) and mashed potato. Mix equal quantities of the hot mashed vegetables and for two cups of the combination add 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  cups of milk, 2 cups of butter, two tablespoonfuls of minced parsley and two beaten egg yolks combined with one cup of milk. Fold in the two egg whites, beaten until stiff, and bake in a moderate oven for about 10 minutes, or until firm.

## Pumpkin Souffle

Souffle is another pumpkin possibility. This is served from a vegetable dish instead of a pie plate. The souffle is made by combining finely mashed and carefully seasoned cooked pumpkin with an equal quantity of white sauce and with eggs. For one cup of pumpkin, to which seasonings of one-fourth cup of minced celery and two tablespoonfuls of minced onion, one-fourth teaspoonful of salt, one one-eighth of a teaspoonful of pepper have been added, use one cup of white sauce and three eggs. The white sauce should be made with one cup of milk, 2 cups of butter, spoonfuls of flour, two tablespoonfuls of butter, and one-half teaspoonful of salt. Combine the sauce with the seasoned pumpkin, add the well-beaten egg yolks, and fold in the stiffly beaten whites. Put it in an oiled baking dish and set it in a pan of hot water. Bake it in a slow oven until firm and serve the souffle at once.

## Kitchen Ware Provides Decorative Notes

Women who enjoy achieving effects in home decoration with little expenditure of money are finding that the ten-cent stores have many articles which may be changed slightly and thus acquire a modern air. They serve very well as experiment with when an amateur decorator is undecided whether she likes the contemporary vogue enough to invest in permanent fixtures thus designed.

Aluminum dishes and even tin ones have the cool, silvery surface which is in vogue and when black paper in bizarre patterns is applied to them, those deep enough make unusual plant dishes.

Fluted molds for jelly find another use as containers for a single narrow slice of a tyrannical bulb; a group of three or four soldered together make an attractive ornament for a window sill.

Medium-sized funnels with the stems cut off become cone-shaped lampshades. Smaller funnels, resting on the base of the cone, become candle holders and are made more attractive by small parchment shades, also fashioned at home.

## Cheese Cloth Varies

Cheese cloth is offered in different grades according to the use to which it is to be put. Cheese cloth to be used for dusters may be obtained in a loose weave in a variety of bright colors. The cheese cloth for kitchen use, straining, for example, is offered in a fine mesh and is, of course, in natural color.

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## THE HOME FORUM

## Gramp—Twice a Pioneer

GRAMP sat in a window, overlooking the hills which lie between us and the city of San Francisco. In her lap she held a little pile of papers. The manuscript she had just finished reading aloud, and through a miscellaneous collection of envelopes, lovingly fingered, she was searching for something.

I had spent most of the afternoon listening to passages from the journal which her father had written as he brought his family across the plains from Indiana. Every now and again Gramp had drifted into reminiscences of her own; for, although she can remember little of the long journey in a covered wagon, having engaged in this adventure at the tender age of three years, she has a vivid recollection of the period which followed. She remembers the stories her mother used to tell as she sat, with her children, beside the fire, in the one-room log house that was their first home in this new land; stories of that wearisome, dusty trail across the sagebrush and the mountains.

"Here it is," said Gramp presently, holding up a sheet of closely written lines. "This is the letter my father wrote to an old friend in Indiana, telling him of the farm and fields he had acquired since he came to the West. I want you to look well at this handwriting; there was a note of pride in her voice. 'My father had only six weeks' schooling when he was a boy; and that was all the teaching he ever had; the rest he taught himself.' I examined the closely written script, read a few of the well-turned phrases, and marveled at the patience and perseverance of a bygone generation.

Gramp was still searching among her treasures; and, after a few minutes, she put something else into my hand. It was a faded little picture of two children. "Brother and I walked four miles on a hot day many years ago," she said, "to have that made. A daguerotype was considered quite remarkable then."

I looked closely and saw a demure little girl whose head barely reached the shoulder of the boy beside her. She held a small stiff nosegay beneath her chin and the fair hair was arranged in a fashion of a vanished day. The face had the contours of childhood, but the eyes had the same expression as those that smiled at me above the picture. "That must be Willie," I said, indicating the boy, and Gramp nodded.

I knew something about this brother, having heard how, as a seven-year-old lad, he had helped his father with the cattle as they came across the plains. The episode of the picture reminded Gramp of other incidents. She began to tell me something of those early days on the far western farm. The children, it seems, soon

took part in the cultivation of the land. She told me how she used to ride around the threshing field, and then she gave me a description of the process of threshing grain in those days. A piece of hard level ground was selected and the sheaves with their binding cut were placed in a circle, beginning in the center and gradually widening out toward the edges until the circle was about fifty feet in diameter. Then the horses, three abreast, would go round and round, treading out the grain while her father stood in the middle, keeping each sheaf in position with a pitchfork. Then the old flailing mill, hand turned, was brought into use and the chaff and dirt blown after. The wheat fell from the mill onto a piece of canvas stretched over the ground and from there it was gathered into sacks. When the family needed bread, these sacks were taken to the grist mill. No money was paid for the miller's services, but toll was taken in a certain percentage of the grist.

The reference to the horses was a reminder of one that had been especially loved. "Old Raps" had come over the "Trail" with them and served the family for many years after. He had been almost hidden behind a soft haze all day, was gradually becoming more distinct as the afternoon turned into evening. I wanted to draw attention to a flock of tiny pink clouds that were assembling near the summit of the mountain, but hesitated to speak lest I break in upon some thought—some sweet memory, too precious to be disturbed.

"It was just such a day as this when John and I set off to California," Gramp's gentle voice broke the stillness. "We had waited a year after our marriage because my parents did not want me to leave them. Toward the end of the year John became a little impatient—he wished to start his newspaper, and so we began to make our simple preparations for the journey. We reckoned it would take us a month at least to travel the six hundred miles ahead of us and, with winter not far away, there seemed no time to spare once we made up our minds to go. A school friend helped me to sew the cover for our wagon and my mother gave me a feather bed and some pillows. It did not take us long to gather our household goods together, for two bureaus, a dog and a canary, with my mother's gift, were all we had. But I doubt if any young wife ever felt richer or happier than I when we set off. The sun was shining, my husband and my baby were beside me, and in a cage swinging from the roof of the wagon my canary sang to us."

Again we lapsed into silence. I waited for some time, expectantly, and then came to the conclusion that Gramp had forgotten my presence. Perhaps in imagination she was still sitting in the covered wagon, moving slowly toward the unknown. As for me, I watched the last rays of sunlight glint along the wings of a plane hovering above the city.

I expressed regret that the children of those days enjoyed no playtime, but received an indulgent smile in response. "Of course we had our playtime," Gramp said, "and our games were much the same as those your children play—except that we had to provide our own playthings." Then she went on to tell me of an old oak tree, the only one for many miles around their home, where she and her brothers and sisters had made-believe parties with acorns for cups and saucers, and of a place where they used to go and gather wild cranberries and black haws. With some pride she spoke of the day she rode in the state fair, wearing a long black velvet riding habit with gilt buttons, and of how delighted her father had been when she carried off the premium.

Another picture was brought out from the little pile on Gramp's lap. This time it was a portrait of a full-bearded young man. A tender wistful smile played across her face as she held it for me to see. "I was only sixteen when John married me," she said.

Beyond the Golden Gate the sun was slowly dropping toward the sea. The outline of Mt. Tamalpais, which had been almost hidden behind a soft haze all day, was gradually becoming more distinct as the afternoon turned into evening. I wanted to draw attention to a flock of tiny pink clouds that were assembling near the summit of the mountain, but hesitated to speak lest I break in upon some thought—some sweet memory, too precious to be disturbed.

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## Welcome to Bouromka

My brother-in-law had arranged to perfection our drive to Bouromka. Over the undulating steppes three relays of dapple-gray trotters, each set harnessed four abreast, dragged us in a huge, luxurious landau. Another carriage followed with Auguste and the bags, and a third, the little motor car, followed the front of the Bouromka estate a gala equipage, called traditionally the "golden carriage," which was used for all ceremonious family occasions, awaited us. Hung so high from the ground that a ladder of four steps was used to climb into it, this carriage had a platform at the back, where between the springs two footmen in Cossack dress stood holding to straps and looking very handsome in their blue, scarlet and fur, with the family eagles fastened on their breasts. Cantacuzene and I sat on the main seat, and my brother-in-law on a small one at our feet, with his back to the high box which the coachman occupied.

All the new wishes of health, happiness and welcome to Bouromka. The superintendents of the estate met us with the traditional bread and salt on silver dishes, covered with towels which were embroidered by the women of the estate. They kissed my hands, while the ladies embraced each of the old servants heartily. They had seen him grow up and were his devoted friends, it seemed.

We were established in our lofty turnout. Its six horses were launched full tilt. Harnessed four in a row with another pair ahead, this relay, even with that heavy equipage, made excellent time. The horses were all white and were decorated with gay ribbons, as were the men and the carriage itself. All the people seemed to me most sympathetic. The villages were as picturesque as were the costumes, and I felt I was going to like Russian life and all it seemed to mean of tradition, good feeling and interesting duties.

The loaves of bread, the lumps of salt, with the platters and towels, were piled up under my brother-in-law's care in the bottom of the carriage. It grew dark and we were met.

## "Small Isles"

Beside the mother-isle they lie, Small islands cradled in the deep; The wild wind's song their lullaby, The breakers rocking them to sleep. Green tides of noonday, blue of dark, Enfold them close and overhead The "Watcher" shows his golden spark.

As nightfall for their lonely bed, Tarnished with brackens; gray and scarred; Yet there, when summer sunset falls, And all the rippling sea is barred With blinding splendor, something calls.

That brings the wanderer back once more To see the "Small Isles" ringed with foam Clustered about the mother-shore Of Jura, loved by him as home!

ELIZABETH FLEMING.

## Salute to an Orator

He was, I should judge, about seven years old, and had wormed his way to the front of the dense crowd as only a small boy can when there is free talkie entertainment to be obtained. For a few minutes he watched enraptured as the face of a famous politician trembled palpably on the temporary screen; then, as the voice of the statesman continued to boom interminably—as he was wont of politicians' voices—he became restive and began to look round for a means of escape. Before he had achieved this object, however, the voice had ceased and the face had flickered away. With a contented sigh, the boy waited for fresh developments.

"That, Ladies and Gentlemen, is Mr. Blank's message to you this evening," said the chairman of the open-air meeting. "A message which, you will, I hope, all take to heart. Now we have several more films of prominent members of the Party; and it is my very pleasant duty this evening to enable you to see and hear your favorite politician at, so to speak, your very door."

He paused, and the crowd, doubtless realizing from his last sentence the full menace of these itinerant talkies, rustled uneasily. "I now ask you," continued the chairman, impressively, "to call for your favorite politician."

Again the crowd rustled, waiting—as is the habit of crowds—for a leader. I glanced again at the boy. From his expression it was obvious that he was screwing up his courage to meet the average man's most terrible ordeal—his first public speech. "Come, Ladies and Gentlemen," encouraged the chairman, "who would you like to see and hear?"

From the back of the audience came a half-hearted almost inaudible whisper and the chairman, hand to ear in the extravagant pantomime of his kind, tried unsuccessfully to catch the words.

The threat of competition was enough. The small boy squared his shoulders and his voice piped clearly through the crowd's silence.

"Please, Sir," he cried, "we'd love to see Mickey Mouse."

The thunderous applause which greeted his effort showed how surely he had voiced the feelings of Democracy.



Home From the Grape Gathering: From a Painting by F. Gioli

## Bez přetvářky

Překlad článku o Křesťanské Vědě uveřejněný anglicky na této stránce

THIS picture by the Italian painter, Gioli, representing a young peasant girl with a load of grapes, is typical of scenes in the grape-growing regions of Italy in late autumn. Then this loveliest of fruits may be seen in its abundance, hanging in heavy clusters in the vineyards which border the country roads, offered in lavish piles in the city markets and shops.

Like most harvest seasons which crown the laborer's months of toil, the grape harvest is a joyous festival, and the lovely weather usual at this season, the beauty of the grapes in their heavy garlands and clusters, the scarlet drapery drawn by great white oxen, and the gay-colored dresses of the gatherers, render it one of the brightest scenes in the calendar of the rural year.

Recently much has been done to encourage the increased consumption of grapes by the people, the government organizing sales on a large scale and at a low price which brings this delicious fruit within the reach of even the most modest purse. In the latter part of the summer and early autumn grapes are not merely on sale in all fruit shops, but stalls are set up all over the city, furnished with piles of carefully packed wooden "cestini," or little crates, to be opened in succession as needed, which contain excellent table grapes, black and white, which are sold at a price equivalent to something like a penny a pound. Naturally they are disposed of in enormous quantities, this cheap and excellent supply being a genuine boon, especially in modest homes.

At the close of September beautiful grape festivals are organized in many cities and rural districts, with wonderful decorations, processions, and rejoicings of all kinds. In Rome the festival this year, with its magnificent display of varied grapes, was visited by Signor Mussolini and was attended by immense numbers. In Florence the loveliest display was in the Mercato Nuovo, that fine colonnade loggia familiar to many a tourist for its display of straw or raffia hats of every imaginable color and, once a week, for the exquisite flower market which supplants the hats. On the day of the grape festival, the building had been garlanded with grapes and leaves, woven into ropes and trophies from column to column. In the center figures of gilded wood held aloft an immense vessel heaped with grapes, white and purple, while all around were stalls piled with grapes, purple, amber, and jade; piles which, though seemingly inexhaustible, were disposed of in an amazingly brief space of time.

Some of the outlying country districts also hold beautiful grape festivals, with allegorical carts drawn by decorated oxen, young peasants in traditional costumes, and torchlight processions, the most elaborate of these being at the village of Impruneta, long celebrated by Jacques Callot's picture of its traditional Fair.

All harvest festivals, whether of corn or grapes, whether an apple-gathering or an olive-picking, have their special charm and beauty. Among our reasons for thankfulness in receiving the fruits of the earth in their season, surely not the least should be that they come to us, not in a form purely utilitarian, but as an added blessing, in such varied loveliness.

PROROCTVIM, evangelium a spisly apostoľu jme priedevni k porozumeniu, že Ježiš Nazaretský, ktorý žil medzi ľuďmi a rušivými udalosťmi své doby, by nejakým nájsim človekom o ktorom máme najviac zápis. Písať to dnes, pretože projevom křesťanského ducha a tiež pro jeho četná mluvitelia dila, je čtení nad všechny druhy učitelia. Kdekoliv chodil, udlil ve velké mife soud, milosrdenství, laskavost a lidumilnost. Maje soucit s davy, které ho následovaly, když udlil při cestě neb v dedinách, "uzdravoval nemocné jedině," když zástupy lidí dvakrát potřebovaly potravu, opatřil ji okamžitě. Pokáral hřešící, potěšil truchlící, vzkřísil mrtvé. Všude obklopen lidmi, žil, a rozešla se o něm pověst po vsi Syrii. Ale Ježiš nezanedbal vlastní životopis, ani nebyl postaven pomník na jeho počtu. Pro jeho duchovnost a jeho velikou lásku k lidstvu, Kristus Ježiš byl uznán Mešiasem, Ukazovatelem cesty a Spasitelem. Těmž věc co vime o Mistrově zemské dráze dostalo se nám svědectví jeho učení, kdy četné podivuhodné uzdravování. Z těchto spisů můžeme snadno vidět, že Ježiš nejen sám byl bez přetvářky, ale že za ni káral při každé příležitosti, kdy v jeho přítomnosti stávala se vychylování na odvě.

Je jen potěšitel celou dvacítkou třetí kapitoly Matoušova evangelia, abychom poznali jaké byly některé formy přetvářky, které Ježiš odsoudil pod jménem pokřivství. Pečlivá analýza této kapitoly odhaluje překvapující počet velice nepřijemných charakteristik, o kterých se říká, že náležejí lidské povaze, ale kterým každý dobře mluví člověk chce se vyhnouti. Když se viděl projeven v lidech kolem něho, zvláště v zákonícih a farizech, o nichž pravil, že se seděl "na stolici Mojžíšova," ale opomínil konati dila Mojžíšova nebo zachovávat ducha jeho učení. Uvažovali těžká břemena na druhé a sami se vyhýbali odpovědnosti; konali všechna svoje dila tak, aby byli viděni lidmi; mluvovali povyšně místa a nápadně dokazovali na trzích; chtěli být zvaní "Mistry," učitelé, vůdce; vylučovali lidi z království nebeského; pohltili domy vdov a děláli dlouhé modlitby jako zmlínku; snažili se obracet druhé na svojí víru; dávali desátky "z máty a z kopru a z kmínu," ale opomíneli soud, milosrdenství a věrnost; čistili po vrchu konvici a vnútri ukryli nestřídmost a loupež—takové byly některé přetvářky, zla skrývaly se pod pláštěm spravedlivosti, které vyvolali trpce prísny výkřik Mistrů.

V Křesťanské Vědě se učíme, že zlo vždy se přetvářuje, nechť se předstírá v jakékoliv podobě. V "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" (Věda a Zdraví s Klíčem k Písmu) str. 186, Mfá. Eddy píše: "Zlo si dělá nárok na neustupné. Právě: Jsem skutečnou bytostí, přemáhající dobro. Tato lež by měla se smutit se zla všechno předstírá. Jediná moudrá věc je znít se. Nemůžeš nikdy znít ani nejmenší část dobra." Když začneme rozeznávat skutečného člověka stvořeného podle podobenství Božího, dobra, padáme smrtelník neb smrtelná mysl, která

jedině plodí zlo a všechnu jeho přetvářku, je viděna v jejím podvodném postavení, zcela rozdílná od dokonalého člověka stvořeného Bohem. To, co předstírá, že je tím, čím není, mělo svůj původ v klamně smrtelné mysl, neboť skutečný člověk, spojený se svým božským Principem, Bohem, prostřednictvím duchovního odlesku, nemá potřebu přibírat na sebe něco. Nic nemůže být přidáno dokonalému člověku stvořeného Bohem, ani mu nic nemůže být odejmuto. Naučitel se tomuto velikému faktu vede k ziskání lidské myšlenky a k vyloučení z vědomí každé přetvářky neb touhy po vypínání.

Na každou přetvářku je věřeni v osobnost, v hmotné bytí oddělené od Boha a Jeho dokonalé ideje. Když tento pojem hmotného bytí se objeví, osobnost si činí nárok na pozornost. Pochybá, marnivost, sebedůvěra počnou se ukazovat v malých přetvářkách, v rostoucí náklonnosti k ukázkosti, v předstírání a v přisvojování si moci. Tyto vlastnosti myslí poznáváme jako ony, které patří lidské povaze, ale nejsou-li podrobeny kázi nebo vedeny božskou moudrostí, mohou se rozvinout v nepoctivost, vydráždění, v nedobrá zákonná a v zločin, a to vše proto, že je přílišná touha vyniknout jinak, než jak skutečná fakta svědčí.

Každá přetvářka předpokládá zisk něčeho jejími falešnými nároky—oblibenost, moc, bohatství a jeho výhody, které všechny mohou být nabýty poctivou naukou a správným oceněním vlády nad zemí, člověku Bohem dané. Nikdy není potřeba přetvářky. Uppínost; řádne a otevřené jednání v obchodě; poctivé přesvědčení, prostě vyslovené; Zlaté pravidlo činiti druhým jak chceme abychom činili sami, všude užíváme; tichá modlitba o sílu a vedení—tyto pomohou každému pracovatovi se k správnému místu a postavení i k udržení jeho jakékoliv listi. "Právě nesmrtelné Mysli podporují člověka," Mfá. Eddy píše (ibid. 103), "a ony níčí bájký smrtelné mysl, jejíž slabá a blýskavé přetvářky, jako pošestlé mýry, popálí si křídla a padnou do prachu."

## Environment

I know not why the beech delights the glade With boughs extended, and a rounder shade; Whilst towering fir in conic forms arise, And with a pointed spear divide the skies: Nor why again the changing oak should shed The yearly honour of his stately head; Whilst the distinguish'd yew is ever seen, Unchang'd his branch, and permanent his green. Wanting the sun why does the caltha fade? Why does the cypress flourish in the shade? The fig and date, why love they to remain In middle station, and an even plain? While in the lower marsh the gourd is found: And while the hill with olive-shade is crown'd? Why does one climate, and one soil endure The blushing poppy with a crimson hue? Yet leave the lily pale, and tinge the violet blue? Why does the fond carnation love to shoot A various colour from one parent root? While the fantastic tulip strives to break In twofold beauty, and a varied streak? The twining jasmine, and the blushing rose, With lavish grace their morning scents disclose: The smiling tubrose and jonquil declare, The stronger impulse of an evening air. Whence has the tree (resolve me) or the flower A various instinct, or a different power?

—MATTHEW PRIOR, in Poems.

## Without Pretense

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

FROM the prophecies, the Gospels, and the writings of the apostles we are led to understand that Jesus of Nazareth, as he lived among the people and the stirring events of his time, was the most unpretentious person of whom we have any record. Yet, today, because of the Christ-spirit he manifested, as well as for his many mighty works, he is honored above all other teachers. Wherever he went he dispensed judgment, mercy, charity, and humanitarianism in the highest degree. Having compassion on the throngs which followed him, as he taught by the wayside or in the villages, "he healed their sick;" when the multitude upon two occasions required food, he provided this instantly. He corrected the sinning, comforted the sorrowing, restored the dead. Everywhere he enriched human lives "and his fame went throughout all Syria." But Jesus left no autobiography, had no monument erected in his honor. Because of his spirituality and his great love for humanity, Christ Jesus was acknowledged as the Messiah, the Way-shower and Saviour. Nearly all we know about the Master's earthly career has come to us through the testimony of his disciples, who recorded his teachings and his many marvelous healings. From these writings we readily can discern that Jesus not only was without pretense himself, but rebuked it upon every occasion where it appeared itself vainly in his presence.

One has only to read the entire twenty-third chapter of Matthew's Gospel to learn what were some of the forms of pretense which Jesus denounced under the name of hypocrisy. A close analysis of this chapter reveals a surprising number of very unpleasant characteristics which are said to be pertinent to human nature, but which every well-meaning person desires to avoid. Jesus exposed these traits of character as he saw them displayed in the people round about him, especially in the scribes and Pharisees, of whom he said that they sat "in Moses' seat," but failed to do the works of Moses or to keep the spirit of his teachings. Binding heavy burdens upon others, but themselves shirking responsibility; doing all their works to be seen of men; loving prominent places and greetings in the market places; desiring to be called "Rabbi," teacher, leader; shutting men out of the kingdom of heaven; devouring widows' houses, and making long prayers as a pretense; seeking to proselyte; paying tithes "of mint and anise and cummin," but omitting judgment, mercy, faith; making the outside of the cup clean, and covering within excess and extortion—such were some

of the pretenses, evils hiding under the cloak of righteousness, which called forth the Master's scathing rebukes.

In Christian Science we learn that evil, in whatever guise it presents itself, always is a pretender. In "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" (p. 186) Mrs. Eddy writes: "Evil is self-assertive. It says: 'I am a real entity, overmastering good.' This falsehood should strip evil of all pretensions. The only power of evil is to destroy itself. It can never destroy one iota of good." As one begins to discern the real man made in the likeness of God, good, the counterfeit mortal, or mortal mind, which alone engenders evil and all its pretensions, is seen in its fraudulent attitude as entirely distinct from the perfect man of God's creating. That which pretends to be what it is not originated in illusory mortal mind, for the real man, linked through spiritual reflection to his divine Principle, God, has no need to assume anything. Nothing can be added to or taken from the perfect man of God's creating. To learn this great fact tends to clarify human thought and eliminate from consciousness all hypocrisy or desire for ostentation.

Back of all pretense is the belief in personality, in a material self apart from God and His perfect idea. When this concept of material selfhood appears, personality claims attention. Pride, vanity, self-esteem, begin to show themselves in little affectations, in growing love of display, in dissimulation, and in assumption of power. These qualities of mind we recognize as belonging to human nature, but, if not disciplined or guided by divine wisdom, they may develop into dishonesty, extortion, lawlessness, and crime, all because of an inordinate desire to appear other than what the real facts attest.

Pretense of any kind presupposes that one has something to gain through its false assumptions—popularity, power, wealth and its emoluments, all of which may be obtained through honest endeavor and a right estimate of man's God-given dominion over the earth. There never is any need for pretense. Sincerity; square and open dealing in business; honest conviction, plainly told; the Golden Rule of doing unto others as we would have them do to us, everywhere applied; the silent prayer for strength and guidance—these will help anyone to work out and maintain his rightful place and position without subterfuge of any kind. "The truths of immortal Mind sustain man," Mrs. Eddy writes (ibid., p. 103), "and they annihilate the fables of mortal mind, whose flimsy and gaudy pretensions, like silly moths, singe their own wings and fall into dust."

(In another column will be found a translation of this article into Czech.)

## Artist at Work

As we rounded the bend of a hill we came upon him, sitting upon a broad stone, his easel and canvas before him. And for a moment we stopped to admire and to chat. "It isn't much I'm doing," he said. "A sketch, that's all."

But it was a lovely picture, of soft, autumn colors, gray sky, brown earth and tall bare trees, pleasing in line and proportion. He pointed out the bit of the scene he was sketching, a few low hills and the curve of a river.

"It's the slope of those hills that I'm trying to get," he explained. "And those tones of red and brown in the trees and earth."

After a few minutes we started to leave; and, as we were going away, I looked back for a final sight of the young painter. He had begun to work again after the brief interruption. Now he was intent upon the canvas, looking up for a second to meditate upon some part of the scene that lay before him. He was a nice-looking fellow, slender and well-formed. Yellow hair above a kind, delicately molded face; blue eyes that shone with youth, slender and sensitive mouth. But it was his hands that were most interesting, with long, thin fingers that held so tenderly the brushes and palette, and applied the paint to the canvas with so sure a touch. A tan sweater fitted tightly across his narrow shoulders as he lowered his head to gaze once again at the landscape.

Before him lay the prairie scene. Gently rolling hills, covered with tan pasture and clumps of brush and trees, plots of plowed ground, dark and rich; a tree-lined river curving across the bottom land, and the gray, cloudless sky above. It was this that he was trying to put upon his canvas, this bit of beauty he had found. Oh, young artist, I thought as I turned away, if you can put yourself into your paint, with all the kindness and the high youthful hope that I see in your face, it will be a beautiful picture indeed.

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# PHYSICISTS SCAN 'CAUSE TO EFFECT' WITH SKEPTICISM

Einstein and Schroedinger  
Trace Changed Views of  
Material Realm

Special to The Christian Science Monitor  
BERLIN—Doubt has arisen among leading natural scientists as to whether the law of cause and effect has a place in their theoretical physical universe. This was the tenor of two addresses delivered by Prof. Albert Einstein and Prof. Erwin Schroedinger recently.

Professor Einstein explained that Newton's theory of the attraction of masses has been qualified by two new theories. One describes these masses as nothing but field centers. This raises the question of the nature of matter.

The second hypothesis takes a step in another direction. It excludes the law of cause and effect and singular effect from the world of matter, at least wherever its ultimate phenomena are concerned. This theory, advocated among others by Professor Schroedinger, implies that the law of cause and effect cannot be proved by experience or observation as existing in the theoretical physical universe.

The mere act of observation, many leading natural scientists contend, changes the phenomenon observed. Professor Einstein explained this intricate sounding statement by a very simple example. In order to observe a picture it must be illuminated, he said. But as soon as one does that, the colors change and one no longer beholds the painting as it is. One cannot describe the painting as such, but only one's observation of it.

**Einstein Disagrees**  
It is obvious that measuring an electron with the aid of a light ray may seriously affect the action of this electron. But Professor Einstein, who himself appears to disagree with the exclusion of the law of cause and effect from the physicist's universe, assures his audience that in so far as the world observed by their senses is concerned, this law is still valid.

The mere fact that an attack on the law of cause and effect in the physicist's universe has been possible and that this question has not yet been solved has made natural scientists very modest, Professor

Schroedinger, himself an eminent physicist, explained. Natural scientists today are altogether more willing to admit their shortcomings, he declared, and he attributed this to the new desire for simplicity and sincerity shown by them in so many fields of thought today. Professor Schroedinger adduced testimony to prove that modes of thought are influencing natural science.

The layman, he said, has always believed natural science was immune to trends of thought manifesting themselves in the world and was convinced that personal views were not allowed to enter it. In the layman's imagination, natural science merely deals with facts. Now, the range of questions to be examined by the physicist in his investigations of the physical world picture is so immense, Professor Schroedinger explained, that it depends upon the free will of the physicist which issues he selects as important for his world picture and which he rejects as inessential.

**Influence of Times**  
The layman now might go to the other extreme and think that every savant works in a different direction. But that is not so. All are in close cooperation with one another. Moreover, all are subject, to a certain extent, to the mode of thinking of the age in which they work. And thus they are all influenced in the same way.

In other words, natural science, in Professor Schroedinger's opinion, is under the influence of the thought or the Weltanschauung of its age. It does not float aloof in an atmosphere of cold facts and impersonal thinking wholly detached from the trend of thought of mankind, which today is toward simplicity.

The fact that the "dogma" of the existence of cause and effect in the material universe of the physicist has been shaken, in fact, in the opinion of some, has been overcome, has rendered physicists exceedingly modest, he continued.

This modesty of thought, Professor Schroedinger said, has also changed the attitude of natural scientists toward other realms of thought. For instance, toward religion. In the years when natural scientists strove to enlighten the world they were apt to look down upon religion from their pinnacle of reasoning.

Today, Professor Schroedinger continued, natural scientists show more respect in discussing "things which do not fit into their picture of the universe."

"They admit," he concluded, that "their field of activity is immensely limited, presents only one side, that there exist also other sides which are equally interesting only not so accessible and therefore one must be satisfied with a smaller understanding of them."



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**Wenatchee Uses Festival Money To Help Airport**  
Special to The Christian Science Monitor  
WENATCHEE, Wash., Nov. 4.—Omitting its Blossom Festival, held each spring to celebrate the blossoming of 40,000 acres of apple and soft fruit trees in this district, the Wenatchee Chamber of Commerce has set aside a \$5000 fund for improvement of the local airport where Clyde Pangborn and Hugh Herndon landed from their successful trans-Pacific flight from Japan.

The first air beacon in north-central Washington was dedicated at the Wenatchee port recently. George Hopkins, secretary to Mr. Pangborn and Mr. Herndon on earlier barnstorming performances in the West, made a parachute jump as part of the program, which included a talk by Lieut.-Gov. John A. Galloway. Ground and flood lights are to be added to the port later.

The spot where Mr. Pangborn and Mr. Herndon made their widely heralded and skillful landing without landing gear, will be marked by a bronze plaque to be installed by the American Legion here. The Chamber of Commerce will erect a suitable monument upon which will be placed the bent propeller of the Pangborn-Herndon ship, presented to this city and later requested by the Smithsonian Institution for display among its collection of notable trophies.

By dispensing with next spring's Blossom Festival, which would have been the thirteenth annual one to be held, the Chamber of Commerce here also made possible a \$5000 fund for promotion work toward the proposed Grand Coulee dam.

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# AMONG THE RAILROADS

By FRANKLIN SNOW

**FAIR-REACHING** effects are seen in the freight-rate decision recently handed down by the Interstate Commerce Commission. From Mr. J. G. Woodworth, vice-president of the Northern Pacific, comes a letter stating: "I think this case will have an important place in the history of railroad regulation in the United States. Without doubt we are approaching a change, but what it will be nobody knows. What do you think about it—will we back up or go ahead?"

Before attempting to discuss Mr. Woodworth's query, it is timely to quote from another communication, this from Mr. T. C. Powell, formerly president of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railway Company. "What we need now," he says, "is a review of the whole scheme of transportation, so that, based on accurate knowledge, the country may be saved from an insolvent railroad system, and the great freight business, which the railroad revenues have made a fact in the past may be again an enduring feature of business. You may search the records for 100 years and you will not find a prosperous United States unless the railroads are (or were) also prosperous. The reason is plain, i. e., that railroad earnings are distributed more widely and more effectively than any other money stream."

It may first be said that the railroad industry is not in a position to face a crisis as many railroad executives seem to believe. The Interstate Commerce Commission said: "The railroads now furnish the backbone of the transportation system of the country, and we believe this will be the situation for a long time to come. We are not impressed with the thought that they are doomed, in anything like the near future, to go the way of the stagecoach and canal."

**Traffic and Rates**  
With the operating costs necessarily reduced to the lowest point, any increase in traffic will immediately be reflected in substantial increases in net earnings. The railroads are suffering from the same factor confronting all other industries, a dearth of business, rather than a surfeit of outside competition. Recognizing that it is the last 10 per cent in any business which causes the net earnings, it is evident that when traffic falls 25 per cent or more the net is obliterated on most railroads.

**Changes in Traffic**  
The events of the last few weeks have justified the rather cautious comment made in this department Oct. 9, "that a turning point has arrived, if based upon no more substantial indication than the growing volume of commercial travel."

The upturn in wheat prices should bring millions of bushels of grain out of storage on farms shortly and thus provide substantially increased traffic for the railroads. The prosperity which will accrue to the farmers through this fact, augmented by the sudden rise in petroleum prices in the mid-continent field, is certain to have its effect in increased purchases in that region, with resultant growth in manufactured articles moving to the mid-West.

**Outside Competition**  
The railroads' capacity for handling freight in bulk is unchallenged as yet. Mr. Ezra Brainerd Jr., the chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission, recently said that the potential capacity of the highways is equal to only 15 per cent of the total commercial freight tonnage moved in 1929 by the several transportation agencies. New innovations in rail service, such as container cars and detachable truck bodies should and will bring some of the highway business back to the railways, the writer believes.

Against these favorable factors is the obvious reduction in the use of coal in this country. Electricity; pipe lines to convey gas; oil-heaters, and such devices, may sharply cut the volume of coal moving. Coal traffic at present provides 25 per cent of the revenues of the Baltimore & Ohio, 20 per cent of those of the Erie and the Pennsylvania, and 60 per cent of those of the Norfolk & Western and the Chesapeake & Ohio, according to a recent survey by Messrs. J. H. Oliphant & Co.

With not only railroad, but investors generally considering seriously the future of the railroads, it is well to take cognizance of these factors and to note the impossibility of the nation doing without railroads for freight carriage.

**Passenger Competition**  
What the outcome of the passenger problem will be is much debatable. With abundant sympathy for the railroads in their active and constructive campaign to hold this business, the writer regrettably concludes that it will be subject to fairly constant shrinkage unless factors not now apparent change the situation. The only ones likely to effect this are air-cooled trains and much faster schedules.

Yet, with the increase in commercial travel certain to follow the so-called depression, there is every reason to believe that 1932 will show far more Pullman travel than for 1931 and 1930.

The investor who sacrifices his railroad securities at this time because of a belief that the railroads have seen their last day, is overlooking important basic factors which will come into play as business in general continues to improve. The passenger situation is not the most important to the railroads, but, even so, the retention of much of the present business against air and motor competition is possible if the railroads meet the situation properly.

**Of Interest to Travelers**  
Radio, telephone, and telegraphic communication to and from trains on the Japanese Government railroads is now available where trains are operated by steam locomotives. Persons desiring to accompany their friends on the Twentieth Century Limited of the New York Central Lines as far as Harmon, New York, or wishing to board the train there and ride into New York may do so upon payment of a local fare only, providing they are accompanying passengers.

Mr. K. W. C. Grand has been appointed commercial advertising and publicity agent of the Great Western Railway of England, with Mr. E. E. Orton as his assistant. Both have held the position of general agent for the United States, with headquarters in New York.

The Illinois Central and the Chicago & Eastern Illinois will cut the schedules from Chicago to the west coast of Florida three or four hours, effective Dec. 15.

The Southern Railway has built a Museum Park opposite its station at Lexington, Ky., where old types of signals, rails, sections of track, and other souvenirs are on display. A company has been organized in New York to assemble parties for trips by private motor to various parts of the United States, for which definite rates are quoted. Travel bureaus to develop automobile parties, obviously, are not under the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission as to rates or responsibility. An interstate business of this nature, railroad men believe, should be subject to the same regulation by which other carriers are governed.



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TORONTO, CANADA

**Prince George**

Magnificently Furnished. Liberally Conducted. Cuisine Unexcelled. Courteous and Prompt Service. European Plan.

WINNETT THOMPSON,  
Managing Director

**Hotel Adams**

PHOENIX, ARIZONA

It costs no more to stay at the best



# RAILS HEAVY IN UNSETTLED STOCK MARKET

## Decline in Prices Accelerated by Wheat Drop —Closing Heavy

**NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (AP)**—The decline in shares was accelerated by another break in wheat prices today. Selling of stocks increased during the last hour, and the market closed with a weak tone, rails showing the largest losses.

Santa Fe and Union Pacific dropped 4 and New York Central nearly as much. Westinghouse sagged more than 3, while U. S. Steel, American Telephone and American Can sagged 2 to 3. Allied Chemical's loss was 5 points.

Transactions approximated 1,400,000 shares.

Sellings of the rails apparently reflected waning hopes of any general wage reduction in the near future. Although certain of the eastern executives met with Brotherhood chiefs in a private conference last night, it was apparently merely for an exchange of views. The recent slump in New York Central is said to have been partly due to bear selling. There is considerable feeling in Wall Street, however, that the \$4-annual dividend rate will be reduced when directors meet Dec. 9.

Western Union was "particularly weak.

**Copper Metal Position**

Buying of the coppers presumably reflected the decision of the

representatives of the Belgian Katanga mine to remain in New York in hope of reaching an accord on the price of the metal. It is now expected that they may sail on Tuesday, rather than tomorrow as they had planned. The fact that the Bureau of Metal Statistics has failed to make public as yet the figures on production and stocks on hand for October 1932, is a further indication of the further evidence of recent recession in the industry.

The money market was easy, with bankers' acceptance rates again shaded  $\frac{1}{8}$  of 1 per cent, and commercial paper was quoted  $\frac{3}{4}$  to  $\frac{4}{8}$  per cent. The yield on the Treasury flat yesterday. The easing of money rates, together with a further decrease of \$26,000,000 in currency in circulation, as shown in the weekly Federal Reserve statement, provided the basis for the strengthening of the general financial structure.

The weekly mercantile reviews again reported little material change in general business, but stressed the improvement in sentiment. The unseasonably warm weather has again hampered the movement of seasonal merchandise, as it has previously this autumn.

### Bonds Irregular

The bond market wavered uncertainly today, although the turnover was somewhat greater.

A rally in Argentine government obligations featured the foreign group. The recovery ranged from 1 to 2½ points in several issues of that republic. German 5½s eased off fractionally, but the 7s turned firm.

These mixed fluctuations were fairly typical of the foreign group, most of which were less active than the German loans. Belgian 7s turned easy in active sales. San Paulo 7s of 1940, Italian 7s and French 7s held steady.

Loans of the United States Government moved upward irregularly, and the turnover in them was somewhat larger.

Railroad issues experienced a few upsets. Erie 5s of 1975, New York Central 5s of 1913, and Nickel Plate 5s of 1915, all at times 2 points or more below yesterday's close. Canadian Pacific debenture 4s, Chesapeake & Ohio 4 1/2 of 1960 lost major fractions.

Public utility and industrial issues declined widely. Columbia Gas & Electric 5s of May, 1952, International Telephone 5s of 1955, International Match 5s, Goodyear 5s, Phillips Petroleum 5 1/4s, and Youngstown Steel 5 1/4s all made some of the largest losses.

Duquesne Light 4 1/2s, Utilities Power & Light debenture 5 1/2s, American Smelting 5s, Chile Copper 5s, Dodge Brothers 6s and Standard Oil 6 1/2s all were down 1/2 point or more. The turnover in most of such loans was limited to a few small sales.

**MISSISSIPPI VALLEY UTILITIES**  
Mississippi Valley Utilities Investment Co., controlled by Middle West Utilities Co., an insolvent, reports for the September, 1931, quarter net income of \$693,723 after all charges. Net included profit on "sale of securities of \$2,562. Balance sheet as of Sept. 30, 1931, shows total assets of \$54,756,889, of which investments at cost accounted for \$32,155,076. Market value of investments was \$45,126,749.

**OKLAHOMA GAS & ELECTRIC**  
Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co. reports  
for the 12 months ended Sept. 30:

|                       | 1931         | 1930         |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Gross .....           | \$12,178,322 | \$14,753,251 |
| Net of exps & all tax | 5,784,339    | 6,962,367    |
| Total income*         | 5,881,124    | 7,270,291    |

\*Before depreciation.

**SOUTHERN COLORADO POWER**

Southern Colorado Power Co. reports for the 12 months ended Sept. 30:

|                       | 1931        | 1930        |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Net af exps & all tax | 1,018,631   | 1,075,611   |
| Gross                 | \$2,153,840 | \$2,299,500 |
| Total income*         | 1,023,253   | 1,099,260   |

\*Before depreciation.

**CLEVELAND ELEC. ILLUMINATING**  
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company  
reports for 12 months ended Sept. 30:

|                   | 1931         | 1930         |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Gross .....       | \$26,092,921 | \$26,966,911 |
| *Net income ..... | 7,241,216    | 8,584,799    |

\*After taxes, interest, depreciation, etc.

**NORTHERN STATES POWER CO.**

|                       | 1931         | 1930        |
|-----------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Net af exps & all tax | 17,343,893   | 16,752,44   |
| Gross                 | \$33,956,954 | \$33,160,05 |
| Total income*         | 17,575,860   | 17,019,66   |

\*Before depreciation.

**PHILADELPHIA CO. INCOME**

Philadelphia Co. reports for 12 months ended Sept. 30:

|                       | 1931         | 1930         |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Gross                 | \$58,222,808 | \$62,473,431 |
| Net of exps & all tax | 28,488,744   | 30,520,633   |
| Total income*         | 30,817,693   | 32,139,255   |

\*Before depreciation.

**NEW UNDERWRITERS' HEAD**

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Guy E. Beardsley, vice-president of the Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., has been elected president of the National Automobile Underwriters Association. He succeeds R. M. Bissell, president of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company.

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### Closing Prices

[illegible]

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, BOSTON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1931

## Y'S NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

[illegible]

### Closing Prices

[illegible]

**NEW YORK CENTRAL  
NEW FINANCING—MAY  
BE IN ORDER SOON**

New York Central bank loans are now understood to total approximately \$42,000,000. This leads to the assumption that the question of permanent financing must sooner or later be faced. Decision on this matter might already have been reached but for unfavorable bond market conditions during this autumn.

This situation, however, bears dividend policy. The belief in financing impends coupled with the fact that the dividend rate is likely to undergo further downward revision, accounts for the decline in stock to a new record low at 46 3/4.

The decision of P. E. Crowley to resign the presidency of New York Central was not arrived at suddenly. His desire to do so has been known in railroad circles for some time. Mr. Crowley has been associated with New York Central since 1886 and was known throughout the transportation world as a splendid operating man and as an executive who had won the highest esteem and support from the army of employees of this great system.

**ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN**  
NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Alabama Great Southern Railway Company declared a regular semiannual dividend of \$2 on both classes of stock. The common dividend payable Dec. 30 to stock of record Nov. 1 and the preferred Feb. 13, 1932, to stock of record Jan. 8. The company had been paying semiannual extra dividends of \$1 on both classes of stock.

**LONG BELL LUMBER CORP. LOSS**  
CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—Long Bell Lumber Corporation reports for nine months ended Sept. 30 net loss of \$3,296,003 after depreciation, depletion, interest and deduction of \$400,000 for inventory adjustment as of June 30, compared with a net loss of \$2,999,610 in nine months of 1930. For the quarter ended Sept. 30 net loss was \$1,131,111, compared with a net loss of \$1,226,111 in the preceding quarter and a net loss

**BROKERS' LOANS AT NEW LOW**  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Loans on stocks and bonds to brokers and dealers by reporting Federal Reserve member banks in New York City decreased \$18,000 during the week ended Nov. 11 to a new low record of \$831,000,000. This compares with the previous low of \$849,000,000 last week and with \$2,238,000,000 on Nov. 15, 1930.

**CANADIAN LOAN**

MONTREAL, Nov. 13.—The federal committee is completing details of Dominion Government internal loan. The bonds will mature in five, 10 and 15 years and will yield approximately 5½ per cent. The total amount of the loan will be \$125,000,000 or \$150,000,000.

**GLASGOW STOCK EXCHANGE**  
LONDON, Nov. 13.—Glasgow Stock  
change, at request of the British Treas-  
ury, has decided to follow the London Stock  
Exchange in rescinding permission to  
conduct option business and contango  
(premium or interest paid by a buyer to  
seller to be allowed to defer payment  
until future settlement).

The New York Stock Exchange has provided listing of 50,000 additional shares of Loft, Inc., no-par common stock to provide for the acquisition of trademark inventories and equipment in 17 stores. The Mirror, a candy concern, as well as supplies for a factory.

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**NEVADA COPPER LOSS**

Nevada Consolidated Copper Co. has subsidiaries for the September quarter

net loss of \$1,323,556 before depreciation and depletion, contrasted with 'profit' of \$143,556 before depreciation and depletion in the September quarter of 1930.

**STEEL INDUSTRY IMPROVING**

Signs of improvement in the steel industry are seen by R. J. Wysor, president in charge of operations for public Steel Corporation. He said a slow and progressive recovery is

**Amusements**

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**BOSTON**

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**Dr. Lyman P. Powell**

**HOUSE BEAUTIFIE**  
has been so constantly in my  
that I have rarely spoken  
where without referring to it  
**PLYMOUTH-MATS.** TH  
Mats. 50c to \$2.00 Eves. 50c to

**SHUBERT** Mat. Tomorrow  
(2 Weeks Only)

*A New Musical Play*  
**"MARCHING BY"** of

Mady Christians Guy Robertson  
Solly Ward Leonard Cecil  
Ethel Norris Eves. 50c—\$1.50  
Wed. Mat. 50c to \$1.50 Sat. Mat. 50c to \$1.50

**JORDAN HALL, BOSTON**  
Tomorrow at 8:15  
**MARIA HALAM**  
SOPRANO  
Steinway Piano Mgt. A. H. H.  
Anita Davis-Chase Announces -  
**JORDAN HALL**

Tomorrow Aft. at 3 BR  
**SIMOND**  
Pianist (Stein)  
**CAMBRIDGE, MASS.**

**UNIVERSITY THEATRE**  
HARVARD SQUARE  
Now playing—Friday and Saturday  
Ann Harding  
"DEVOTION"  
CLIVE BROOK "SILENCE"  
**NEW YORK CITY**

THE THEATRE GUILD presents.  
EUGENE O'NEILL's Trilogy  
**'MOURNING BECOMES ELECT'**  
Composed of 3 plays  
"Homecoming," "The Hunted," "The Hau  
All 3 plays will be presented on one day,  
beginning at 5 o'clock. Dinner interm  
one hour at 7. No matinee.  
GUILD THEATRE, 523 Street, West of

**THE GUEST ROOM**  
THE NEW COMEDY SENSATION  
with HELEN LOWELL  
**BILTMORE** THEA. 47 st. W. of  
Good balcony seats \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00  
THE GROUP THEATRE PRESENTS  
The House of Mirth

**IMPERIAL**  
**ED WYNN**  
Presents himself in his newest music

**THE LAUGH PARADE**  
With JEANNE AUBERT Even, 8:15  
LAWRENCE GRAY & others Seats, 31c

CIVIC LIGHT OPERA CO. pr.  
**THAMES OF NORMANDY**  
LAST WEEK  
2 Weeks Beg. Monday, Nov. 16. Seats  
**VICTOR HERBERT'S**  
"Naughty Marietta" with ILLS

Evrs. 50c-42.30 Wed Mt. 50c-41.30 Sat Mt. 5  
Krieger's Th., W. 44 St. PENN. 6-7963. Evrs.











## General Classified

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## AGENTS WANTED

WANTED: THE WONDERFUL POWER OF THE MIND. Agents for the Christian Science Monitor. Write or call for detailed information.

## APARTMENTS—FURNISHED

NEW YORK CITY. East 49th St. 200 Park Ave. 12-room apartment. Special package and furniture. Write or call for detailed information.

## BOARD FOR CHILDREN

WANTED: Board for normal children. Temporary or permanent. Write or call for detailed information.

## HOMES WITH ATTENTION

The Maples Brookline, Mass. Write or call for detailed information.

## POSTAGE STAMPS

WANTED: Postage stamps. Write or call for detailed information.

## REAL ESTATE

HUDSON RIVER ESTATE. Write or call for detailed information.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—MEN

WANTED: Situations. Write or call for detailed information.

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## APARTMENTS TO LET

WANTED: Apartments. Write or call for detailed information.

## WARE HALL

WANTED: Warehouse. Write or call for detailed information.

## RESTAURANT SERVICE

WANTED: Restaurant service. Write or call for detailed information.

## DRESSMAKING

WANTED: Dressmaking. Write or call for detailed information.

## EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES

WANTED: Employment agencies. Write or call for detailed information.

## FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED: Miscellaneous. Write or call for detailed information.

## HANDRESSERS

WANTED: Handressers. Write or call for detailed information.

## HELP WANTED—WOMEN

WANTED: Help. Write or call for detailed information.

## HOUSES TO LET

WANTED: Houses. Write or call for detailed information.

## MILLINERY

WANTED: Millinery. Write or call for detailed information.

## MOVING AND STORAGE

WANTED: Moving and storage. Write or call for detailed information.

## PAINTING AND DECORATING

WANTED: Painting and decorating. Write or call for detailed information.

## Paying Guests

WANTED: Paying guests. Write or call for detailed information.

## SILVER BIRCHES

WANTED: Silver birches. Write or call for detailed information.

## PIANO TUNING

WANTED: Piano tuning. Write or call for detailed information.

## PRINTING

WANTED: Printing. Write or call for detailed information.

## REAL ESTATE

WANTED: Real estate. Write or call for detailed information.

## Appraisals

WANTED: Appraisals. Write or call for detailed information.

## HEINZ &amp; SPOONER

WANTED: Heinz & Spooner. Write or call for detailed information.

## REALTORS—Founded 1877

WANTED: Realtors. Write or call for detailed information.

## BURGESSFIELD N. J.

WANTED: Burgessfield N. J. Write or call for detailed information.

## FOR SALE—Farm 180 acres

WANTED: Farm. Write or call for detailed information.

## MT. VERNON N. Y.

WANTED: Mt. Vernon N. Y. Write or call for detailed information.

## ROOMS TO LET

WANTED: Rooms. Write or call for detailed information.

## BOSTON—Available now

WANTED: Boston. Write or call for detailed information.

## N. Y. C. 427 Park Washington Ave.

WANTED: N. Y. C. Write or call for detailed information.

## NEW YORK CITY, 235 W. 21st St.

WANTED: New York City. Write or call for detailed information.

## N. Y. C. 840 West End Ave.

WANTED: N. Y. C. Write or call for detailed information.

## N. Y. C. 601 W. 16th St.

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## BOSTON



## MASSACHUSETTS

## HAVERHILL



**Philbrook-MacKenney Shop**  
Incorporated  
Foundation garments of leading makes, Lingerie, Hosiery, Hand-finished items, Costume jewelry, Toilet preparations.

64 MERRIMACK ST. Tel. 1352



Carefully Selected Poultry  
Everything for the  
THANKSGIVING DINNER at

**Taylor's Market**  
18 WINTER STREET Tel. 230

**The Harper Method Shop**  
HELEN K. HORTON, Prop.

Care of Hair, Skin and Hands  
TAYLOR ARCADE  
Room 45 Tel. 930

**The Stationery Shop**  
Calls attention to an especially fine assortment of

**Christmas Cards**  
27 WASHINGTON SQUARE Tel. 1472

You'll Want Pickard's  
Ice Cream for Thanksgiving  
Phone your order early,  
also Kemp's Salted Nuts  
Lovell and Covel Chocolates

20 WINTER STREET Tel. 2479

New Fall Overcoats  
and Suits made by  
FASHION PARK  
exclusive at

**The Manhattan Shop**  
9 Merrimack Street

Flowers for All Occasions  
at the

**BRACKETT FLOWER SHOP**  
LENDING LIBRARY  
24 WINTER STREET Tel. 188-W

## HOLYOKE

## Steiger's

Pre-Christmas  
Book Sale

Art Poetry  
Travel Drama  
History Fiction  
Biography Literature  
Children's Books

At Less Than  
One-Half Publishers' Prices  
November 16 to 20

They're books that you'll be proud  
to own and proud to use as gifts.  
They represent the selected stock  
of the largest publishers in America.

At ease in  
Natural Bridge Shoes  
\$5.00 and \$6.00  
NAPOLEON BAIL  
Shoe Store and Repair Factory  
166 HIGH STREET

Automotive Electrical Service  
Batteries, Radiators and  
Shock Absorbers  
**FRAZIER'S**  
1545 DWIGHT STREET

Brothers' and Sisters' Suits  
Assorted colors in sizes 2 to 6 years.  
88c

**The REAL BABY SHOP**  
262 MAPLE ST., Opp. Strand Theatre

For Electrical Appliances  
Toasters, Percolators, Irons  
**SHOP AT**  
**Osborne Hardware Co.**  
245 HIGH STREET

Say it with Flowers  
Flowers sent by wire to any part  
of the United States  
**Clark's Flower Shop**  
468 DWIGHT STREET

## HYDE PARK

1210 RIVER STREET  
Tel. H. P. 1515

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## DAILY FEATURES

## A Word a Day

## Notes and Queries

Mile, farthing, shakel, talent (W. Z., who inquires, the value of the United States currency of these monetary denominations mentioned in the Bible)—A mile was about one-eighth of a cent; a farthing was two mites; a silver shakel was about 64.6 cents, and a gold shakel was valued at 15 silver shekels, or \$2.89; a silver talent was 3000 silver shekels, \$1940, and a gold talent was 3000 gold shekels, \$29,085.

Incidentally, the "pieces of silver" mentioned in Luke 15: 8-9, are supposed to have been drachmas, silver coins of Greece, valued at about 18 cents. "Tribute money" of New Testament days is believed to refer to the didrachma, 32-1/3 cents—and two of them made a silver shakel.

Habitation, infinite (H. T. K., who objects to the slovenly ha-buh-ta-shun and in-fen-nit)—So do we. Give the short 'i' its full value, hab-it-a-shun (secondary stress on first syllable), and in-fa-nit. (Another reader, Miss G. G., has cautioned against the word sounding as infant.)

Note: First choice in Webster's New International Dictionary is accepted as authority for pronunciation.—Ed.

## I Record only the Sunny Hours



## A Modern Boaz

San Diego, Calif.

THE lessons of the Scriptures are for today is evidently the belief of Henry Fenton, who owns a 1500-acre ranch in the back country, about an hour's journey from this city.

When Mr. Fenton began harvesting his huge crop of lima beans, he noticed that many of the beans had grown unusually large, bursting their pods and scattering the vines after the trucks hauling the vines to the threshers. He had a notice inserted in the largest local paper, inviting the poor to come out and gather what they could use.

People with automobiles invited needy neighbors to go, and several hundred machines carrying many hundreds of people visited the farm. Some roamed over the fields picking up the beans, others would go to where the stacks of vines had stood and gather, while some crawled on their hands and knees after the trucks hauling the vines to the threshers. The sheriff had a group of prisoners taken out to gather the beans for the city's institutions. A neighbor farmer, seeing the crowds, bade them enter his fields and glean also.

In that way many poor families got all the beans they can eat during the winter, and Mr. Fenton still has a bumper crop which is selling at a good price.

## A Quotation for Today

PATRIOTISM is a great word, but humanity is none the less a great.

—EARL OF HADDINGTON

## The Children's Corner

## The Adventures of White Woolen Muff

(Founded on Fact)

WHEN White Woolen Muff returned to the wardrobe he was given a very warm welcome by his friends, White Woolen Coat, Scarf, and Hat, for he had been away for four whole days without them.

"What did happen to you?" asked Scarf. "I felt so lonely, and I tried to curl my ends round Baby May's fingers, but I did not manage very well."

"Do tell us where you have been," begged Coat.

"Thank you all for your kind welcome," said Muff. "I am so happy to be back with you all again. Do you know, I have had a big adventure! And if it had not been for little Pink Handkerchief, I might never have come back here at all."

"Pink Handkerchief! Whatever do you mean?" asked Scarf.

"Listen and I will tell you everything," said Muff.

So Coat, Scarf and Hat cuddled up close and Muff began.

"Do you remember the afternoon when Baby May and her mother went to see Granma in a taxi? Well, somehow my cord slipped undone, and I fell on the floor and rolled under the seat. When Baby May got out she was so excited at seeing Granma that she forgot all about me. I tried to call to her but no one heard. Then the taxi went away, and presently a man got in and sat with me almost under his feet. I managed to roll myself out when the taxi swerved round a corner. He picked me up, looked at me, and then tossed me onto the seat beside him. They must have gone a long way because it was almost dark when the taxi stopped. The man paid the driver and gave me to him at the same time."

"How terribly exciting!" murmured the Scarf. "What happened then?"

"He was a very kind driver, and took me home and showed me to his wife. I slept on a table in the hall that night, and in the morning was driven round to the Police Station. Everyone there was very kind, too, and I was tickled with particular as to where I had been found. Soon after that a big van came round and took me, with a lot of other lost property, to the special office where we had to wait until we were claimed. I was put into a box with two other little white muffs, and we stayed there all day without moving; but next morning our box was taken to another office, and I nearly jumped out with happiness, for I could hear Baby May's Mother's voice asking about me. The other two little white muffs and I were put onto a table, and my mistress picked me up at once."

"This is the one," she said, stroking my wool.

"You are quite sure, Madam?" said the officer. "These other muffs are very like it. Can you identify yours in any way?"

"Baby May's Mother thought for a moment. 'Yes, there ought to be a tiny handkerchief in the pocket of the lining,' she said."

"The man smiled. 'Madam, there are three little handkerchiefs in these little pockets,' he said."

"My little girl's was pink," said my mistress.

"The man smiled again. 'Well, Madam, look!'

"He drew out three pink handkerchiefs and laid them beside each muf."

"Then Baby May's Mother took out her own handkerchief and showed the corner to the officer. 'This is our laundry mark,' she said."

"That settled it, for the officer found the same mark on Pink Handkerchief's corner, and I was handed over to my mistress, who paid the man and brought me home. So now you see what a wonderful adventure I have had."

## Did You Know That—

The Post Office Department expends about \$2,000,000 annually on the postal directory service, whose business it is to search city directories and other authorities in order to correct and complete improperly addressed mail?

The smallest book in the world is said to be a copy of the Rubaiyat published by Charles Hardy Meigs, measuring five-sixteenths of an inch square?

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First name the objects. Then place the letters of the name in the spaces as indicated by the numbers. If you do this correctly you will have the name of a famous person.

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# THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1931

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"

PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

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## EDITORIALS

### "No Commitments"

APPARENTLY both President Hoover and Prime Minister MacDonald are placing most of their hopes for improvement in world conditions upon a friendly, informal cooperation among the nations. They put their trust in conversations rather than treaties.

Mr. MacDonald, speaking at the opening of Parliament, attached the "very highest importance" to the visit of Premier Laval to Washington, and went on to say that "what has to be done" to remedy the present situation "is to get immediately into contact, firstly, with the nations primarily concerned." Mr. Hoover, speaking at Armistice Day exercises, declared progress has been made in reestablishing confidence among nations "by frank, sincere and direct personal conferences on mutual problems between heads of states throughout the world."

Strangely enough, it was the engineer rather than the politician who voiced the greater distrust of the mechanics of international relations. Referring to the necessity for rehabilitating confidence, Mr. Hoover said:

"Such action requires no treaties, no documents, and no commitments."

That very evidently is the view which the President presented in opposition to Premier Laval's plea for either a security pact or a consultative treaty. In many respects it expresses the attitude of America.

And in so far as it emphasizes the fact that peace is a matter of feeling more than of law, of acts more than of pacts, it will be indorsed by all. Documents will never take the place of deeds. Purpose counts more than plan in the stabilization either of economies or politics. But most observers today believe that purpose is not enough. Certainly it would be true to say that "no treaties, no documents and no commitments" will succeed unless supported by good will. But a framework of agreements also may be "required."

Some, at least, of the lack of confidence in the world today is due to the nations' belief that the United States will make no commitments toward the organization of peace. Much of Europe feels that America is trying to make an omelet without breaking eggs.

In recent months President Hoover has shown in a courageous and vigorous manner that Washington is willing to cooperate. The moratorium, collaboration with Geneva on Manchuria, and the conferences with European statesmen are clear proofs of an increasingly generous and enlightened American policy.

But something more may be needed. In his speech, Mr. MacDonald said in regard to Premier Laval's visit to America:

I hope that it may lead, firstly, to an understanding between France and Germany, but finally to a full understanding that every nation of the world must be party to that agreement.

It has already become clear that what the United States does about debts is one of the keys to what France will do about reparations. Before another year is out some commitment will have to be made on that score.

If "commitment" means a military treaty of alliance to give "security" to the status quo, Americans will generally agree that none is needed. But if it means merely a joining of the World Court or a pledge to consult with other nations when war is threatened, many of them will feel that such "commitments" would go far toward that reestablishment of confidence which President and Prime Minister both desire.

### The Stranger Within the Gates

THE Congress of the International Association for Social Progress, which recently met in Paris, handled the difficult question of workers' migrations with the necessary wisdom and tact, and made definite recommendations concerning the attitude which governments should maintain toward both emigrants and immigrants.

The resolutions adopted may be summed up by saying that they counsel the exercise of two ancient virtues. To the governments is commended hospitality, and to the workers loyalty. Agreeing that no laborer should be excluded from any country because of his religion or nationality, delegates of twenty-four nations exhorted both exporting and importing states, so to speak, to observe certain fundamental rules. Those countries which send out emigrants are urged not to hinder the eventual adaptation and assimilation of these workers as citizens of their adopted home lands. States receiving immigrants, on the other hand, are requested not to force these newcomers to naturalize themselves with undue haste.

The effect of these recommendations is to recognize the individuality of the worker and to place confidence in his judgment and loyalty. His right to be protected both from propaganda and political exploitation is acknowledged, and confidence is expressed in his ability to decide for himself where his political allegiance should rest.

The recommendations made to governments are in complete harmony with the instructions given to the Israelites more than 3000 years

ago concerning the treatment of foreigners who came to live among them. The memory of a long sojourn as alien captives made the children of Israel especially receptive to such admonitions as, "Thou shalt not oppress a stranger: for ye know the heart of a stranger, seeing ye were strangers in the land of Egypt." The International Association for Social Progress is not without grounds for hoping that governments today will be inclined toward hospitality in like measure as the Israelites of old, and that they will "be not forgetful to entertain strangers: for thereby some have entertained angels unawares."

### Fair and Warmer Next Year

MEN are invading far corners of the earth upon a new quest. In the frigid regions of the arctic they are searching for statistics. Upon the vast plateau of the south pole they have sought for figures. From the currents of the ocean they have charted graphs. The stratosphere and the depths of the earth are being pierced for strange and peculiar data.

When the facts are all together, the experts hope to know something more about the weather. From records in out-of-the-way places meteorologists are beginning to piece together the story of the winds and rains, to anticipate the snows and to know when heat will be upon the land.

Now, there is a joke about the weather, but the joke is not upon the weather man. Those who fare forth under fair skies and return with the wish that they had taken their umbrellas will say that the weather man is nearly always wrong. But the expert may laugh behind his barometers and isobars. He is right nearly 90 per cent of the time. In fact, during the first three months of this year the predictions of the United States Weather Bureau were 91.6 per cent accurate.

But it is the way with natural scientists that they are never quite satisfied. The minute that weather forecasts can be made with impunity for forty-eight hours in advance, meteorologists look forward to predicting weather a month ahead. They even hope the day will come when they can anticipate the general trend of weather for an entire season. The prospect is not at all fantastic. Out in La Jolla, Calif., experts of the Scripps Institution of Oceanography are making progress with the correlation of inshore ocean current temperatures to the amount of coastal rainfall. Study of past records indicates a relationship, and now the Scripps experts feel ready to make general forecasts of the precipitation.

Other studies indicate that the weather in the tropics may be the guide to long-range predictions in the temperate zones. German climatologists hold that the autumn weather in India holds the key to winter weather in the northern United States. From the weather in the tropics today it is believed that the weather of Canada can be forecast three to nine months in advance.

Attempts to correlate conditions in the polar regions to weather in the more temperate zones will take on new progress with the Williams-Maris expedition. It will pass two years in the arctic within 480 miles of the north pole. It will not only take extensive records for comparison with those made in 1882-83, but will radio daily reports of meteorological conditions.

Thus behind the report of "fair and warmer tomorrow" are the efforts to study icebergs and sunspots, to send recording instruments six to ten miles above the earth, to devise equipment to enable unmanned balloons to radio back to the earth continuous reports of temperatures and wind currents. Little of this research is so far advanced that its significance can yet be accurately interpreted. But it is within the realm of reasonable expectation that studies of this nature ultimately will enable the weather man to say "fair and warmer next year."

### Looking Ahead Too Far

COMMENT on the Laval-Hoover conversations in general construed the statement which was issued afterward to the public as implying that war debts and reparations at last had been officially linked at Washington. It was freely stated that the official instrument in revising both sets of obligations would henceforward be the Young plan. An examination of the Young plan revealed that in any cut of war debts Germany would benefit accordingly in reparation charges.

No such thought, it is now stated, has occurred to Washington. War debts may be cut by a reopening of the question of "capacity to pay." This is one question. Reparations may be cut as a result of the recommendation of an advisory committee of the World Bank. That is another. In other words, war debts and reparations are not linked, but are separate accounts which may be separately, though more or less concurrently, readjusted according to the merits of each particular debt. It just happens that both sets of debts have become oppressive for precisely the same reason, namely, the fall in world prices.

Such a manner of dealing with the international debt problem is probably as good as any as long as a real basis of a debts-reparation link in the shape of disarmament remains unrecognized. Moreover, the whole subject might well be put in the background for the present, for no debtor is called upon to pay a cent on his debts until next July, and to argue about what he shall then pay is still somewhat premature. It should be put in the background for another reason—something else is looming up in the foreground. This is the German liability to world bankers and world investors, said to total altogether \$5,000,000,000, or about half the capital amount of the reparations levy.

Nearly \$2,000,000,000 of this huge sum takes the form of short-term debt to world bankers which has been frozen by a standstill agreement reached at Basel in September. The arrangement comes to an end in February, five months earlier than July. If all the bankers start to rush for their money in February, only a few will get it, and Germany will be compelled again to put up her shutters. In point of fact, the payments already being made under the standstill agreement are endangering Germany's gold position, which is now 26.9 per cent of her outstanding currency, as compared

with over 40 per cent earlier this year. It is time, therefore, for the bankers to formulate some plan whereby the standstill arrangement may be prolonged in the form of ordered withdrawals if required, so that another spell of panic may be avoided.

The rest of the outstanding liability, \$3,000,000,000, is owed to world investors. Probably \$2,000,000,000 is held in the form of bonds by Americans. American quotations of German bonds have been picking up splendidly, but an argument already has started between Berlin and Paris, though the resumption of reparations is eight months away, as to which comes first in priority of payment, commercial or reparation debt, bondholder or government. The question not only is premature; it is defeatist. World statesmanship would be at a low ebb if it failed to contrive such an arrangement in regard to reparations as would enable Germany to maintain her credit standing.

Even if it doesn't, the Young plan provides its own machinery for suspending reparation payments, and this obviously is intended to apply to a situation in which Germany is under difficulty in paying her nonreparation debt. The point is that anything which will provide a breathing spell and help Germany maintain her credit tends to facilitate the payment of debts of every kind.

### Gifts That Endure

ALTHOUGH Thomas A. Edison and Charles A. Steinmetz left the world immeasurably richer in countless material ways through their inventive skill and unremitting research in the field of electricity, they left no more enduring legacy than two short and simple statements.

In a facsimile letter recently printed in the New York Times, Mr. Edison, replying to a correspondent who wished to know whether the famous inventor had been correctly quoted in a newspaper interview reporting him as saying he did not believe in God, stated:

I beg to say in reply that Mr. Kahan misunderstood me. I stated to him that I believe in the existence of a Supreme Intelligence pervading the universe.

Roger W. Babson relates that one day while chatting with Mr. Steinmetz he asked the latter: "What line of research will see the greatest development during the next fifty years?" and goes on to say that, after careful thought, the reply came:

I think the greatest discovery will be made along spiritual lines. Here is a force which history clearly teaches has been the greatest power in the development of men and history.

Some day people will learn that material things do not bring happiness and are of little use in making men and women creative and powerful. Then the scientists of the world will turn their laboratories over to the study of God and prayer and the spiritual forces which as yet have hardly been guessed at. When that day comes the world will see more advancement in one generation than it has seen in the past four.

The world is learning, faster perhaps than is generally realized, that other than merely material means must be sought to promote the advancement and happiness of men. The storm and stress through which the nations are passing is bringing a quickened sense of the futility of the doctrine so loudly proclaimed by lesser lights in the domain of natural science that alpha and omega reside wholly in materiality and its modes. With relief humanity turns to the sublimer utterances of faith in Deity on the part of those who have, in some degree, shown their control and mastery of matter.

### Hockey Is Back Again

NEVER since the United States first entered a team in the National Hockey League has the outlook for an interesting winter of professional hockey appeared brighter than is the case this season. The National Hockey League opened its campaign last night, and from now until April hockey fans will have a chance to follow their favorite sport. While the National League, being recognized as the major league of hockey, naturally attracts the most attention, other professional and semi-professional organizations which plan to operate this winter promise to furnish excellent sport.

Owing to the fact that some of the leagues, including the Pacific Coast and Californian, will not operate this year, as well as the fact that the National Hockey League will contain two teams less than in 1930-'31, the standard of play should be higher, as players who have been released by these teams have been taken up by the active clubs. This should tend to make the competition for the various championship titles closer.

While the amateurs have not yet taken up competition, every indication points toward an increased activity among these teams, especially with the Olympic championship to be decided this winter at Lake Placid, New York. As soon as the football season is over, the college hockey play will start in on his serious work, and then ice hockey will be running on all cylinders with bright prospects for this greatest of all winter sports.

### Editorial Notes

A machine called the "photoelectric integrator" has been developed by Dr. Truman S. Gray of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology which turns intricate mathematical problems into light beams and then analyzes or measures the light beams and solves the problem. Well, it is good to have something to throw light on some of those problems.

Perhaps the theory, at least, of the plan by which a German school teaches horsemanship without using horses might be applied in some way to teach the world's youth the supreme folly of war without their having to experience the degrading effects of being involved in armed conflict.

Although, due to the use of machinery, one person can today produce as much yarn as 40,000 could 150 years ago by hand, it still takes as long to "spin a yarn" as it ever did.

Perhaps the old adage, "Two can live as cheaply as one," means that father and mother can live as cheaply as daughter.

## Through the Suez Canal

FOUR days from Marseilles, our ship passes the jetties which guard the north entrance to the Suez Canal. Soon afterward it is tied up to the landing stage beside the city of Port Said. Across a bridge of pontoons passengers begin to disembark—some having reached their destination, others for a morning stroll about the town. We are awakened by the shrill cries of the Arab merchants who crowd about the ship in boats filled with many articles offered to the expectant passengers at fabulous prices. But travelers have become acquainted with Oriental methods of trade, so that rarely is a purchase made at the original asking price. Confections, rugs, ladies' gay mantles, sponges, jimmies, and many kinds, most of which were made in England or Switzerland, are among the goods offered to the passing traveler.

We are out early and go ashore for a tramp in the town. At the gateway to the city streets, a rabble of would-be guides persist in their offers to take us. The badly paved streets are bordered by buildings in various faded colors, with balconies above the street. The city is flat as a western prairie. The only objects upon which the eye loves to rest are the trees in full foliage, dense and green, bearing scarlet blossoms. One wonders how trees can thrive in so arid a situation. Irrigation is the answer, for in Egypt irrigation alone spells abundance.

The morning sun beats down fiercely and few are stirring. The milkman drives his cows through the streets, stopping to milk in front of each customer's house. This method at least insures the freshness of the milk as it reaches the purchaser. The gentleness with which the cows and their calves are handled is notable.

Hawkers in front of the stores, all of which are open for the chance buyer from the ship, vociferously invite you to enter. Women in black, with faces hidden behind the yashmak, are on the way to the mosque; lads in long garments of varied colors, men in fez and the baggy Turkish trousers, soldiers in khaki and fez, policemen, gendarmes in smart white uniforms, topped by a fez of brilliant red, all add color to the scene. Money changers greet you at the important street corners. The East is everywhere.

The harbor is more interesting than the city. English, French, Dutch, German, Japanese—craft, it seems, from all the maritime nations of the world are here. One flag is notably absent, the Stars and Stripes. A French ship, her forecabin crowded with soldiers in khaki, probably bound for the garrison in French Somaliland, crawls slowly by, followed by a tank steamer and a Dutch merchantman. Our cargo for Port Said discharged, we take aboard many bales of Egyptian cotton for mills in India, and with hatches again down, cast off our lines and enter the canal.

As in the case of many of the largest enterprises of the world, the Suez Canal, as now operated, is due to the vision of one man. A Frenchman, Ferdinand de Lesseps, whose statue prominently and most appropriately overlooks the entrance to the canal. It seems certain that as early as the eighteenth century B. C. a canal extending from the Red Sea to the Nile Delta was constructed by the Pharaohs. Traces of this may still be seen. It became filled with sand and not until 400 B. C. did the Persians, then in possession of Egypt, re-excavate it and put it again into operation. Centuries later the Moslems also utilized it, but by the middle of the nineteenth century scarcely any trace of it remained. Ferdinand de Lesseps foresaw the need for a deep and safe waterway connecting the East with the West. The rapidly growing commerce of the world demanded it, and with the courage of his convictions he undertook to convince the Khedive of Egypt of the practicability of the plan.

In 1856, the Suez Canal Company was formed, and the shares had been taken by the Egyptian and French Governments. Work was begun soon after and in ten years the enterprise was completed. The canal as then constructed bore little resemblance to the deep and wide waterway which now enables the immense ocean-going traffic between the Mediterranean and the East to pass in safety. The width of the original bed, 72 feet, has been increased to 118 feet, so that two ships may pass safely if one be tied to the bank. The canal from Port Said to the Gulf of Suez covers a distance of 87½ geographical miles, or 100 English miles. Its depth of 33 feet permits the passage of vessels of at least 30 feet draft.

As its course runs through the midst of the Arabian Desert, under the steady winds, sand is constantly drifting in, so that the dredgers are always at work. The business of keeping the canal

in order is no small enterprise, employing several thousand workers. Neatly built signal stations termed "gares" are located at intervals along the western bank; and at the town of Ismailia, beautifully situated on Lake Timsah, is the board of control, with a model showing the position and movement of all vessels within the waterway.

The traffic is great, averaging eighteen ships a day; and as the toll for the larger vessels amounts to nearly \$15,000 each, the aggregate daily earnings are large.

De Lesseps was not the only man of vision connected with the history of this famous "ditch in a desert." In 1875, Disraeli, then Prime Minister, foreseeing the great importance to England in this connecting link with India and Australia, purchased for his country the Khedive's shares, 176,600, for £4,000,000. A great protest went up over so great a waste of money. Today the shares are worth more than £36,000,000, and the canal is a necessity to the world traffic. An international convention in 1888 declared the canal exempt from attack in time of war, and accordingly it has never been fortified.

We proceed down the straight course of the canal at a speed of scarcely more than six miles an hour to avoid the heavy wash upon the banks. The first part of the course lies through a lake where the canal is banked by the excavated sand. A picturesque feature of the landscape are the dahabiehs, the typical Egyptian boat with a triangular sail bent to a long boom set slantwise across a short mast. The effect is that of a bird with a single wing. They are everywhere about the harbor and along the numerous canals and passageways of the Nile Delta.

Presently, the lake passed, the desert stretches away east and west, and with the presence of fresh water, luxurious trees and crops appear. Arab farmers, fellahs, live in little huts along the banks. A railway and a good motor road run along the western bank.

Some twenty-four miles from Port Said lies Kantara, where a ferry crosses the course of the canal. Here travelers may board a train for Jerusalem over the railway built by General Allenby to carry his army of invasion into the heart of Palestine. It is generally believed that the Holy Family on its flight from Herod passed here, as this was the main road between Egypt and Palestine. Here was once a flourishing city of 500,000 inhabitants, destroyed by the Persians. Later it became little more than a caravanserai for the nomadic tribes of Arabia.

A half mile below Kantara, we come to a halt and tie up to the bank. An oil tanker is coming through and apparently has the right of way, even over the royal mail ship, Narkunda. A half dozen freighters follow, keeping us to the banks for more than two hours. The heat becomes intense and the desert on either side is as shimmering. A large herd of camels in charge of a herdsman appears to the west, feeding calmly up to the banks. Growing crops enliven the dun of the desert with their refreshing green.

On the left bank, rolls of tangled barbed wire bear silent witness to the struggle that took place here during the great war. The Turks with tremendous enterprise crossed the vast desert to the east and, appearing suddenly at the canal, started to put down a pontoon bridge. Keen-eyed armen, however, spied them and after a severe engagement they retreated as rapidly as they came.

Finally the last freighter has passed and we proceed. The banks of the canal to the south are higher and topped with fences to stop the sand drift, as in cold countries barriers are erected to stop the drift of the snow. Little camps of Bedouins, each with a small band of poor camels, appear here and there on the eastern bank, bespeaking the presence of desert nomads.

The red sun sets in the desert and the night drops quickly down. Twilight is very brief in this latitude. The early evening is inky black and the stars stand out with startling brilliancy.

At dusk we stop in the Great Bitter Lake to exchange pilots. Sailors on the forecastle sing and play on various instruments. The ship's flashlight makes weird shadows as we creep along. The belated moon, now in its last quarter, rises in a cloudless sky, illumining the landscape with a brilliancy almost incredible; the stars fade. By 11 o'clock we pick up the twinkling lights of the city of Suez, some 2½ miles back from the mouth of the canal, which enters the Gulf of Suez at the little town of Tewfik. Our canal journey is ended. We have traversed a hundred miles of tropical desert, a region rich in tradition, in comparative comfort.

A. F. G.

## Letters to The Christian Science Monitor

Brief communications are welcomed, but The Christian Science Monitor Editorial Board must remain sole judge of their suitability, and this Board does not hold itself or this newspaper responsible for the facts or opinions presented. Anonymous letters are destroyed unread.

### Wets and Newspaper Advertising

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

The dry forces appear to have overlooked, or at least have failed to use effectively, the very great good that prohibition has done in abolishing newspaper advertising of liquor. If prohibition is a total failure, as the wet papers contend, why do they strive so eagerly to have it repealed? Can they be thinking about the millions that would be coming to them in liquor advertising in case of repeal? Would that advertising increase the sale? For answer see what it has done to cigarettes since the war. Deception and liquor are inseparable, from the first appeal that promises great pleasure and ends in misery, to the last subtle argument that has won the faint-hearted friends of prohibition to the belief that it is hopeless to fight. If the qualities that we admire in a soldier could be aroused in all the friends of prohibition, wet talk would be hopelessly smothered. These friends who have been gassed with discouragement propaganda should not be condemned, but rather treated as any soldier who has suffered for his delay in using his gas mask.

Even if there were as much liquor used now as before the Eighteenth Amendment, how much more would there be if nothing had been done to prevent unlimited manufacture, advertising at its worst, and sale? The increase would undoubtedly have been as great as the increase in use of cigarettes.

Most farms about here have about as many weeds as they had twenty years ago, even if the ground has been well cultivated. Suppose we should consider that a sufficient reason to stop cultivation as useless. What would the next twenty years show? Even if prohibition has done no more than prevent conditions from growing worse, it has been worth while.

YORK, NEB.

### A Middle West Consumer's Viewpoint

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

The letters from "Consumer" and "M. D. Alexander" are so in line with my experience, I wish that I might hear from the consumers in the middle West. Quality certainly is lower with lower prices. And also the clothing is made only in small sizes. Just two examples: Needing house dresses, I attended a "sale" at a reliable store. "\$1.29 each." But poor me must have a size 46. "Sorry, madam, nothing over 42." Then I went to the

nightgown department. Such lovely bargains for \$1. "Sorry, madam, small sizes only." So I paid the old price on both articles—\$1.95. My husband has had the same experience.

I am paying for beefsteak, butter, bread, milk, lard, or roasts (beef), ham and bacon exactly what I paid a year ago. Yes, I can buy these things cheaper, but they aren't worth one cent more.

Railroads have already reduced wages, for one man now does the work two (sometimes three) did before.

A farmer said to me, "Farm relief. We don't want government farm relief. Pay town workers good wages and we farmers will relieve ourselves." Isn't that sense? It seemed so to me.

Also, I think food prices are lower in cities than small towns. Why need this be? ANOTHER CONSUMER, Creston, Iowa.

### Praise for England

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

Last year I have been in England for the first time, and I have been astonished to see how deeply kind this people is. It is reflected in everything—in their parks, carefully kept and crowded with birds loved and tenderly fed; in their policemen, with dignified carefulness protecting through the streets full of rushing motorcars every hesitating pedestrian; in their public institutions, rare hospitality and readiness to help; in their harmonious churches, where the marvelous Lord's Prayer rises to the throne of God in such unison that you really have the impression of one heart obediently, humbly, lovingly purifying himself in the presence of God.

In their political dealings, too, I have been impressed by their noble kindness, their obedience to the Golden Rule. Having taken on the responsibility of heavy loans for their allies, Great Britain is now the highest taxed country of the world. And in spite of it, Great Britain forgave France one-third and Italy five-sixths of their debts.

The law of logic and justice voices, "What is sown shall be reaped." If one sows wheat, one reaps wheat; when one sows kindness and generosity, one inevitably reaps the same. The signs of time show that brotherly good will is manifesting itself on an always broadening field of action and it helps one not to be disheartened, knowing the old, eternal truth, "When the night is far spent, the day is at hand."

MARIE B. ZOTT, Chisinau, Bessarabia, Roumania.